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Results and Impact of the Acceleration Plan Implementation fo Maternal Mortality Reduction in theDepartment of Bolívar, Colombia.



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SECRETARÍA de Salud



OBJECTIVES:

Evaluate the effectiveness and results of the Acceleration Plan in reducing maternal mortalityrates in Bolívar, through the strategic implementation of and operational sectoral and intersectoralactions, adopting a gender and intercultural approach the in Department of Bolivar.



RESULTS:

The Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) in Bolívar from 2020 to 2023, with both the number of cases and the ratio per 100,000 live births for each year. There's a decreasing trend in both the number of cases and the MMR. In 2020, there were 11 cases with a ratio of 67.4, which rose in 2021 to 14 cases and an 84.8 ratio. In 2022, the cases remained at 14, but the ratio slightly decreased to 76.8. A significant improvement is seen in 2023, with cases dropping to 8 and the ratio reducing to 47.8.



METHODS:

A descriptive analysis of the results and impact of the Acceleration Plan for Maternal MortalityReduction in the Department of Bolívar, Colombia, from 2020 to 2023. This approach included collectingdata on maternal mortality rates, analyzing trends over time, and evaluating the effectiveness of variousinterventions under the plan. The analysis also considered factors such as healthcare access, quality ofmedical services, and community health education to understand their influence on the observedoutcomes.



Indicator Name	Indicator 2020	Indicator 2021	Indicator 2022	Indicator 2023
Maternal Mortality Ratio	67.4	84.8	76.8	47.8

This table shows the maternal mortality ratio over four years, measured per 100,000 live births.



CONCLUSIONS

The decline in maternal mortality rates in Bolívar from 2020 to 2023 is indicative of theeffective strategies put in place since March 2023. These measures, geared towards promoting sexual andreproductive autonomy intercultural and and gender-sensitive approaches reproductive health, havebeen instrumental in enhancing the overall maternal-perinatal healthcare access. Focused efforts onmanaging obstetric and neonatal emergencies, alongside robust information and communicationinitiatives to bolster maternal and neonatal health, have been pivotal. The positive correlation betweenthese interventions and the improved maternal health outcomes is clear evidence of their success.