# Durability of Efficacy and Safety of Roflumilast Cream 0.3% in Adults With Chronic Plaque Psoriasis From a 52-Week, Phase 2 Open-Label Safety Trial

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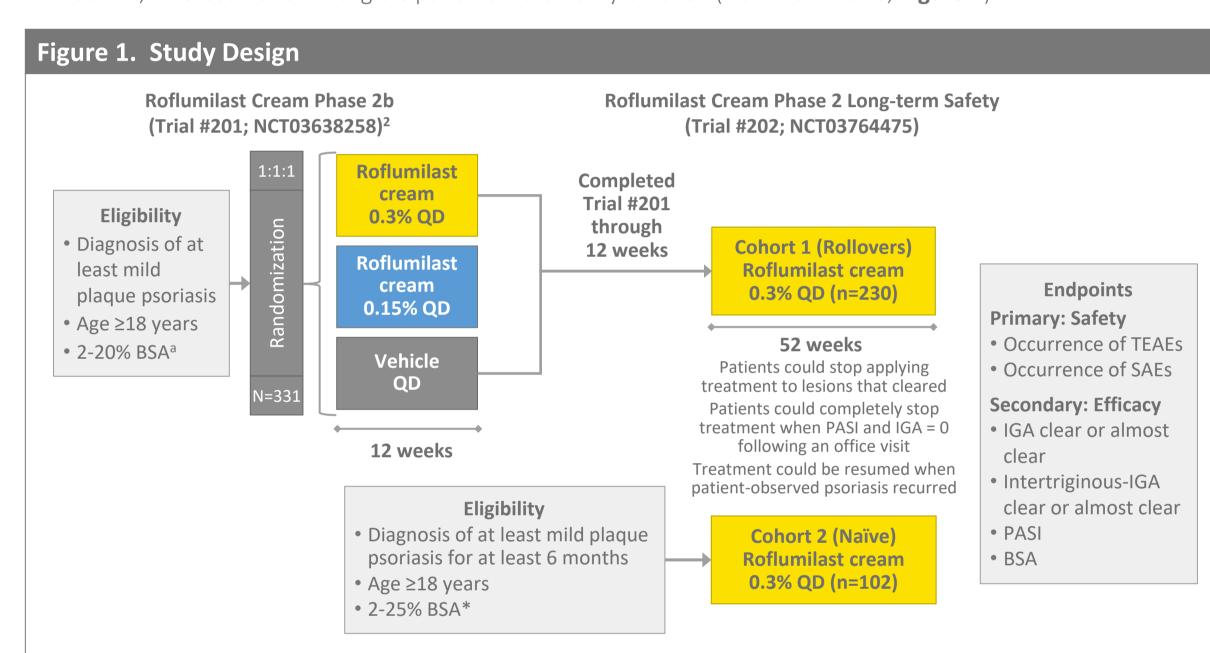
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# INTRODUCTION

- Roflumilast cream, a phosphodiesterase 4 (PDE4) inhibitor that is more potent than other PDE4 inhibitors, was recently approved as a once-daily, nonsteroidal, topical treatment for psoriasis, including intertriginous areas, in patients 12 years of age and older with no limitations on duration of use
- In a phase 2b, randomized, double-blind, 12-week trial of 331 adults with chronic plaque psoriasis, roflumilast cream once daily was superior to vehicle cream and was well tolerated<sup>2</sup>
- The durability of response was assessed in a multicenter, open-label, 52-week study conducted to evaluate longterm safety of roflumilast 0.3% cream in patients with chronic plaque psoriasis

# METHODS

- This multicenter, open-label, single-arm, long-term, phase 2 safety trial was conducted at 30 centers in the United States and Canada
- Two cohorts of patients were enrolled: Cohort 1 patients were those who completed the phase 2b trial through Week 12, whereas Cohort 2 eligible patients were newly enrolled (treatment-naïve; **Figure 1**)



BSA: body surface area; IGA: Investigator Global Assessment; QD: once daily; PASI: Psoriasis Area Severity Index; SAE: serious adverse event; TEAE: treatment-emergent adverse event.

# RESULTS

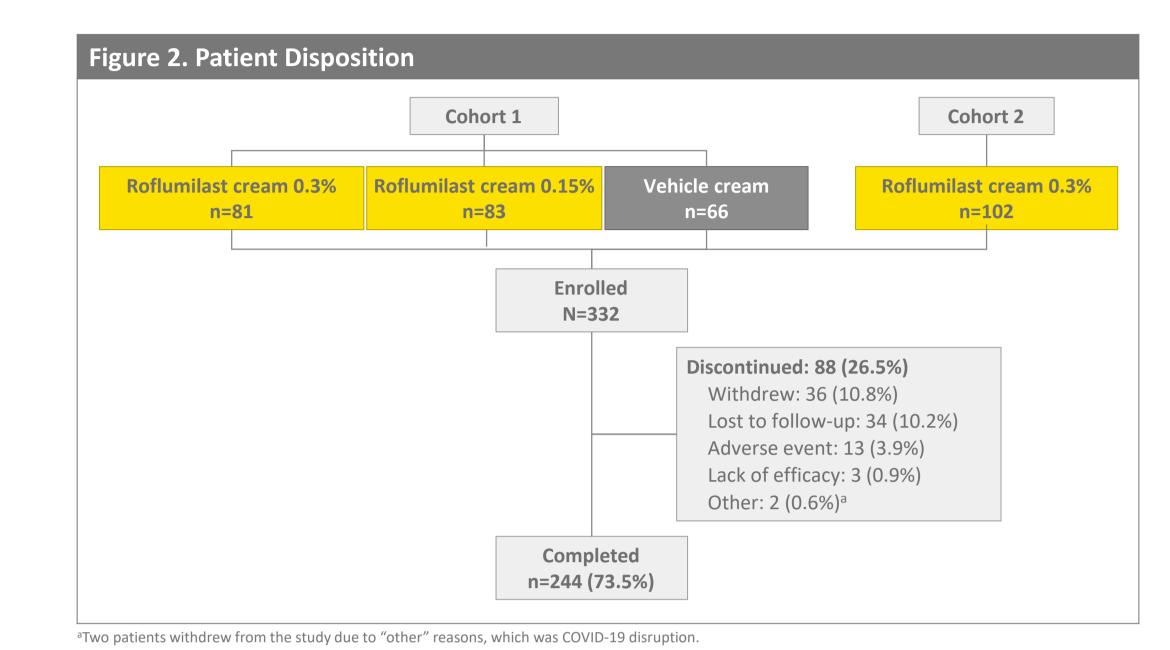
- Patient demographics and clinical characteristics at baseline were similar across cohorts (**Table 1**)
- Of the 249 subjects who completed trial 201 from sites that participated in this open-label trial, 230 (92.4%) of them enrolled into this study
- 244 (73.5%) completed the 202 trial of the 332 patients enrolled across cohort 1 (n=230) and cohort 2 (n=102; Figure 2) • Percentages of patients achieving Investigator Global Assessment (IGA) Success and an IGA of Clear or Almost Clear
- were consistent over time (**Figure 3**) • Among patients with intertriginous area involvement, roflumilast cream provided consistent improvement of
- Intertriginous-Investigator Global Assessment (I-IGA; **Figure 4**)
- Median duration of IGA of Clear or Almost Clear was 10 months (Figure 5)

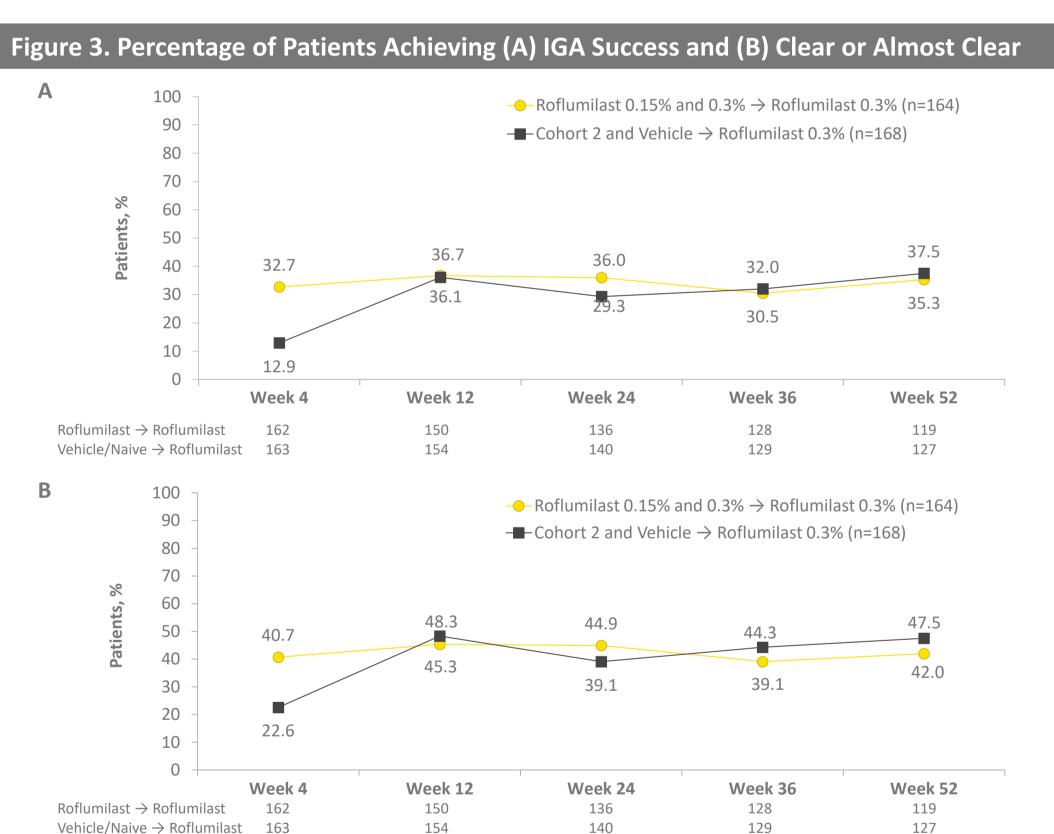
#### **Table 1. Baseline Disease Characteristics**

	Roflumilast 0.15% and 0.3% $\rightarrow$ Roflumilast 0.3% (n=164)	Cohort 2 and Vehicle → Roflumilast 0.3% (n=168)	Overall (N=332)
BSA, mean %	6.6	6.0	6.3
PASI, mean	7.2	6.3	7.1
IGA score, n (%)			
1 (almost clear)	0 (0.0)	8 (4.8)	8 (2.4)
2 (mild)	28 (17.1)	40 (23.8)	68 (20.5)
3 (moderate)	124 (75.6)	110 (65.5)	234 (70.5)
4 (severe)	12 (7.3)	10 (6.0)	22 (6.6)
Intertriginous involvement (I-IGA ≥2)			
I-IGA, n (%)			
2 (mild)	14 (8.5)	17 (10.1)	31 (9.3)
3 (moderate)	11 (6.7)	18 (10.7)	29 (8.7)
4 (severe)	1 (0.6)	1 (0.6)	2 (0.6)

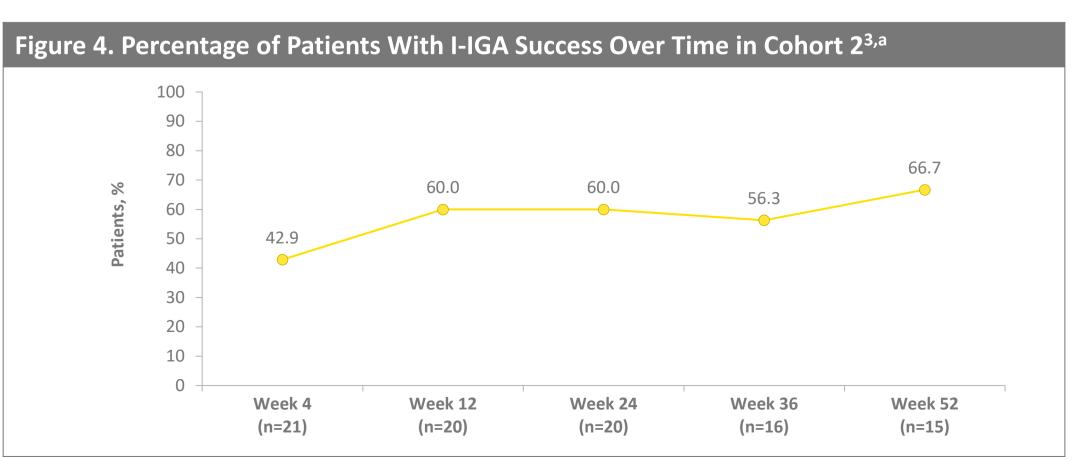
Baseline is defined as the last observation prior to the first dose of roflumilast cream in the parent trial (Cohort 1 roflumilast 0.3% and roflumilast 0.15% groups) or the current trial (Cohort 1 vehicle group

BSA: body surface area; IGA: Investigator Global Assessment; I-IGA: Intertriginous-IGA; PASI: Psoriasis Area Severity Index.



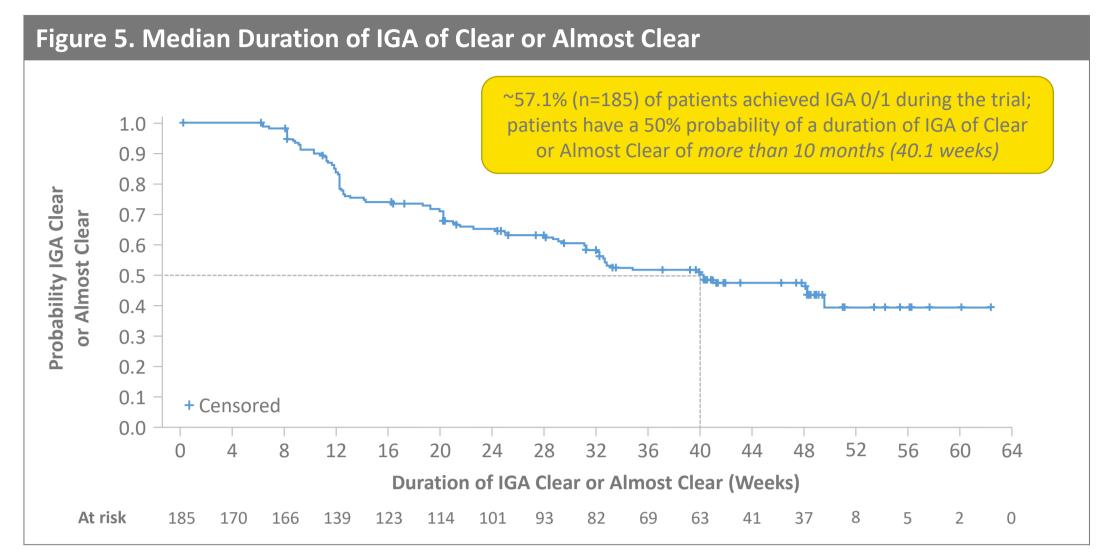


Baseline is defined as the last observation prior to the first dose of roflumilast cream in the parent trial (Cohort 1 roflumilast 0.3% and roflumilast 0.15% groups) or the current



<sup>a</sup>Cohort 1 not shown because I-IGA added as study amendment and numbers of patients evaluated are very small at each timepoint. I-IGA: intertriginous-Investigator Global Assessment; I-IGA Success: I-IGA score of Clear or Almost Clear plus 2-grade improvement from baseline.

IGA: Investigator Global Assessment; IGA Success = IGA score of Clear or Almost Clear plus two-grade improvement from baseline.

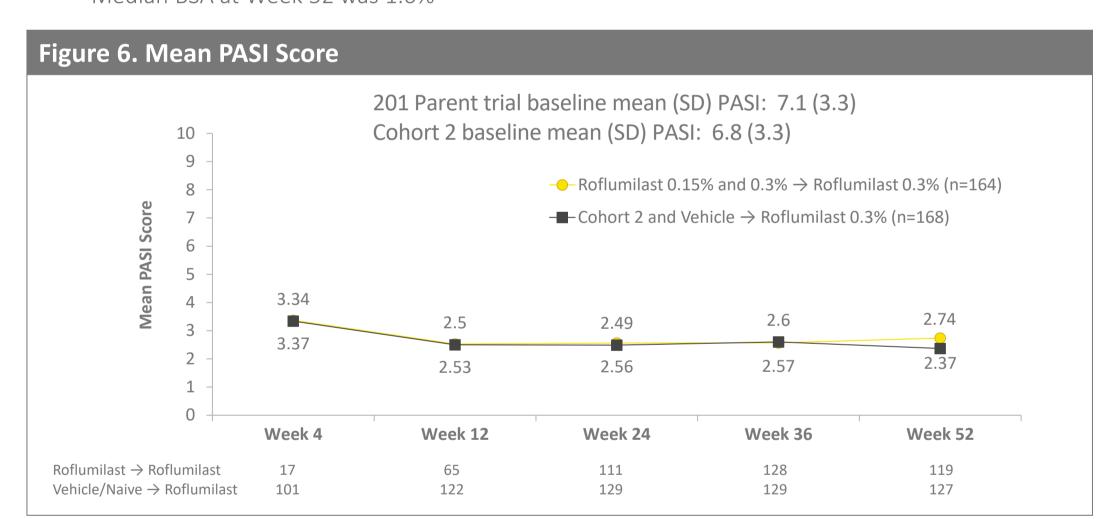


Patients who received vehicle in parent study and rolled over into Study 202 with a 0/1 assessment are excluded from this analysis (N=324).

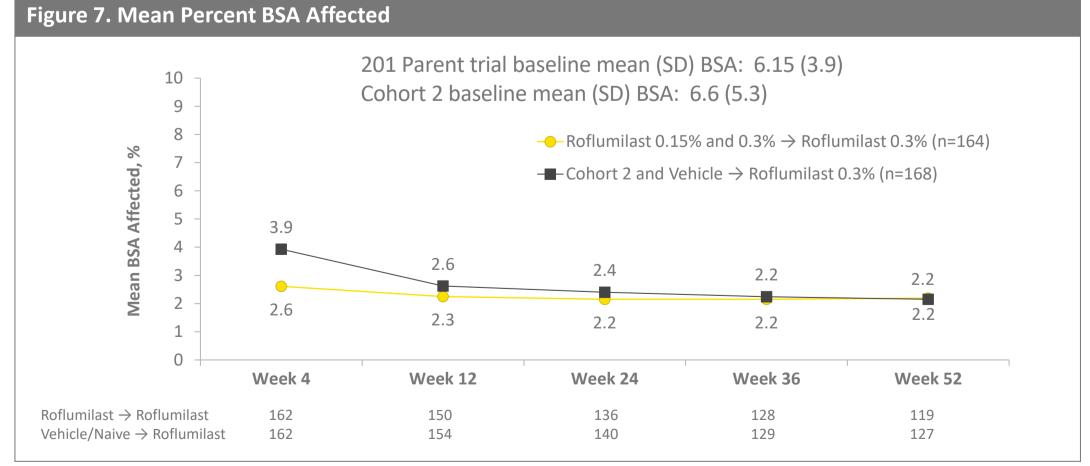
 A 60.5% mean improvement from baseline in Psoriasis Area Severity Index (PASI) and 60.1% mean improvement from baseline in body surface area (BSA) affected were observed at Week 12 (Figures 6 and 7)

Results were consistent through Week 52

Median BSA at Week 52 was 1.0%



Observed data. No imputation of missing values. PASI assessment was added as an amendment to the trial. PASI: Psoriasis Area and Severity Index; SD: standard deviation



Observed data. No imputations of missing values. Baseline is defined as the last observation prior to the first dose of Roflumilast Cream in the ARQ-151-202 study.

- Safety was consistent with the parent trial (**Tables 2** and **3**)
- 94% of adverse events (AEs) were rated mild or moderate in severity
- 97% of AEs were unrelated or unlikely to be related to treatment as determined by the investigator
- ≥97% of patients had no evidence of irritation per investigator local tolerability assessment at each visit (**Figure 8**)

#### **Table 2. Summary of AEs (Safety Population)**

TEAE, n (%)	Roflumilast 0.15% and 0.3% → Roflumilast 0.3% (n=164)	Cohort 2 and Vehicle → Roflumilast 0.3% (n=168)	Overall (N=332)
Patients with any TEAE	79 (48.2)	85 (50.6)	164 (49.4)
Patients with any treatment-related TEAE	4 (1.7)	5 (4.9)	9 (2.7)
Patients with any SAE	8 (4.9)	4 (2.4)	12 (3.6)
Any treatment-related SAE	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Patients who discontinued study drug due to AE	8 (4.9)	5 (3.0)	13 (3.9)

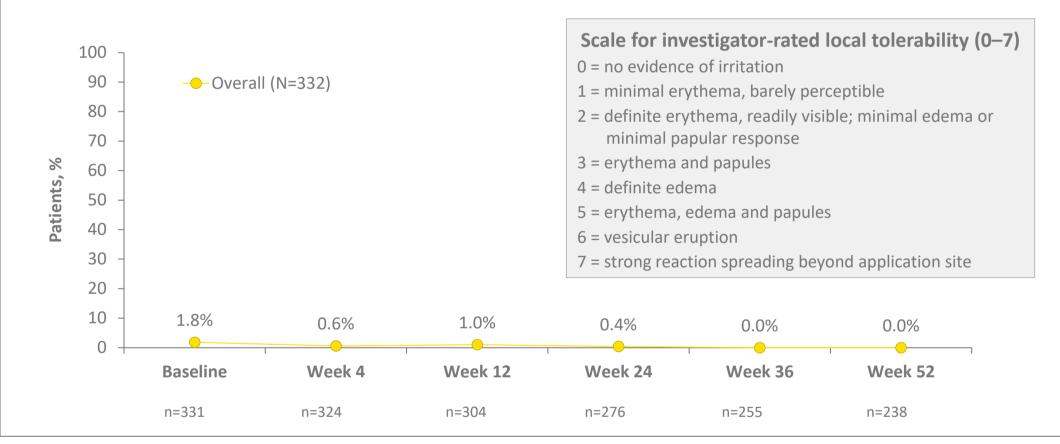
AE: adverse event; SAE: serious adverse event; TEAE: treatment-emergent adverse event.

#### Table 3. Most Common AEs (>2% Overall)

TEAE, n (%)	Roflumilast 0.15% and 0.3% → Roflumilast 0.3% (n=164)	Cohort 2 and Vehicle → Roflumilast 0.3% (n=168)	Overall (N=332)
Upper respiratory tract infection/viral URTI	10 (6.1)	12 (7.1)	22 (6.6)
Nasopharyngitis	6 (3.7)	6 (3.6)	12 (3.6)
Urinary tract infection	5 (3.0)	6 (3.6)	11 (3.3)
Sinusitis	3 (1.8)	5 (3.0)	8 (2.4)

AE: adverse event; TEAE: treatment-emergent adverse event; ORTI: upper respiratory tract infection

### Figure 8. Percentage of Patients With Investigator-Rated Tolerability Score >0



# CONCLUSIONS

- In this phase 2 long-term safety study, roflumilast cream 0.3%, a once-daily, nonsteroidal topical PDE4 inhibitor, was well-tolerated with a safety profile consistent with the parent phase 2b trial (Trial 201)
- Rates of discontinuations due to AEs and lack of efficacy were low No tachyphylaxis occurred and efficacy was consistent over time (IGA Success, IGA 0/1, and percentage change from baseline in BSA and PASI)
- Of the 185 patients who achieved IGA Clear/Almost Clear during the open-label trial, the median durability of IGA of Clear/Almost Clear was 10 months (40.1 weeks)

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Dong C, et al. J Pharmacol Exp Ther 2016;358:413–422.
- 2. Lebwohl MG, et al. N Engl J Med 2020;383:229–239.
- 3. Stein Gold LS, et al. Poster presented at: Innovations in Dermatology; March 16-20, 2021; Virtual.

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#### DISCLOSURES

ML, LSG, MJG, KAP, LKF, DNA, HCH, LHK, and MZ are investigators and/or consultants for Arcutis Biotherapeutics, Inc. and received grants/research funding and/or honoraria; PB, RH, DK, and DB are employees of Arcutis Biotherapeutics, Inc. Additional disclosures provided on request.