= Favourable

= Moderate

= Unfavourable

The Post-Brexit UK Access Landscape:

Does Project Orbis Significantly Accelerate Patient Access for Oncology Drugs in the UK Versus Europe?

Kenny Jae Kim, Katherine Leong, Stephanie Kennedy, Richard Macaulay; Global Pricing, Market Access and Analytics, PRECISIONadvisors

For further information, contact Richard.Macaulay@precisionvh.com or visit us on https://www.precisionadvisors.com

Introduction

- Following Brexit, the MHRA has become the standalone regulator for medicines in the UK (except Northern Ireland)
- To ensure timely access to innovative oncology products, the UK joined Project Orbis, an FDA-led review programme
- Project Orbis provides a framework for concurrent and review of submission oncology products among international partners
- This research compares UK reimbursement outcomes for medicines approved through Project Orbis with EU4

Methods

- MHRA-approved products through Project Orbis were identified from https://www.gov.uk/guidance/g uidance-on-project-orbis
- EMA authorisations, reimbursement assessments were extracted from their respective websites (20-Jan-2023)

Overview of MHRA-approved products via Project Orbis

- 14 products have been authorised in Great Britain via Project Orbis
- Only 9/14 (64%) were also authorised in Europe; 8/9 were approved by the MHRA before the EMA
- MHRA approval was, on average, 96.4 days earlier than EMA

Table 1: Regulatory statuses of MHRA-approved Project Orbis products

| Product | Indication | MHRA approval | EC approval | Days from MHRA => EC | |
|-----------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|--|
| Tagrisso | EGFR M+ NSCLC | 06-May-21 | 21-May-21 | 15 | |
| Trovdelvy | 3L+ mTNBC | 08-Sep-21 | 22-Nov-21 | 75 | |
| Lumykras | KRAS M+ NSCLC | 08-Sep-21 | 06-Jan-22 | 120 | |
| Lorviqua | 1L ALK+ NSCLC | 23-Sep-21 | 27-Jan-22 | 126 | |
| Tepmetko | METex14 NSCLC | 24-Sep-21 | 16-Feb-22 | 145 | |
| Rybrevant | EGFR M+ NSCLC | 15-Nov-21 | 09-Dec-21 | 24 | |
| Tecentriq | PD-L1+ NSCLC | 27-Jan-22 | 07-Jun-22 | 131 | |
| Exkivity | EGFR M+ NSCLC | 17-Mar-22 | Withdrawn | N/A | |
| Jakavi | GvHD | 23-Mar-22 | 29-Apr-22 | 37 | |
| Welireg | VHL-associated cancers | 31-May-22 | N/A | N/A | |
| Kimmtrak | HLA-A*02:01 uveal MEL | 07-Jun-22 | 01-Apr-22 | -67 | |
| Rezurock | Chronic GVHD | 07-Jul-22 | N/A | N/A | |
| Opdivo | PD-L1+ NSCLC | 16-Aug-22 | N/A | N/A | |
| Nubeqa | mHSPC | 22-Nov-22 | N/A | N/A | |
| Mean | 96.4 | | | | |

Results

Reimbursement of Project Orbis products in the UK compared to EU4

- Compared to most other European HTA bodies, therapies authorised under Project Orbis have tended to receive NICE and SMC assessments that are:
 - Faster
 - With more favourable outcomes, and
 - A greater number of therapies having been assessed

Table 2: HTA outcomes of MHRA-approved Project Orbis products and time from marketing authorisation (MHRA or EMA, whichever came first) to HTA publication

| Producta | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------|---|------------------|----------------------|------------|--|
| Tagrisso | CDF (Optimized) | Restricted | ASMR IV | No added benefit | Class H ^d | Reimbursed | |
| Trodelvy | Recommended | Recommended | ASMR III | Major | Class H ^d | Reimbursed | |
| Lumykras | CDF (Rec'd) | Recommended | ASMR V | No added benefit | N/A | N/A | |
| Lorviqua | N/A | Recommended | ASMR IV | No added benefit | N/A | N/A | |
| Tepmetko | Recommended | Recommendedc | N/A | No added benefit | N/A | N/A | |
| Rybrevant | Not recommend | N/A | SMR insufficient | No added benefit | N/A | N/A | |
| Tecentriq | CDF (Optimized) | Recommended | SMR insufficient | Non-quantifiable | Class H ^d | N/A | |
| Exkivity | Recommended | Recommended | EMA marketing authorisation application withdrawn | | | | |
| Jakavi | Non-submission | Not recommend | ASMR IV | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| Kimmtrak | N/A | N/A | N/A | Considerable | N/A | N/A | |
| Time from MA to HTA (days): | 256 ^b | 209 | 271 | 248 | 313 | 342 | |

^a Welireg, Rezurock, Opdivo, and Nubeqa have not yet been approved by the EC nor assessed by NICE/SMC

^c Resubmission ^d Innovative status granted

Conclusions

- MHRA approvals via Project Orbis were typically earlier than EMA's by an average of over 3 months
- Further, several have achieved favourable NICE and SMC outcomes, whereas the number of therapies assessed, outcomes and time to reimbursement are much less favourable in many EU4 countries (except Germany, where reimbursement is available from the date of marketing authorization independent of time to HTA)
- Project Orbis offers a route for expedited UK oncology access, but manufacturers need to ensure that they have a tailored pricing and market access strategy ready to fully take advantage of this



b In England, 5/14 (36%) products had national access agreements reached between NHSE and manufacturers prior to NICE guidance publication, further accelerating patient access by an average of 71 days