Evaluating Utilization Patterns, Financial Impact, and Access Delay Caused By Reimbursement Criteria on Public Drug Plans for PrimaryCare Topical Treatments in Canada: Case Study with HP/TAZ Combination for Plaque Psoriasis

Nadeau F², Feener S¹, Barbeau M¹, Savoie M²

¹Bausch Health, Canada Inc., Laval, QC, Canada; ² Université de Montréal, Montréal, QC, Canada

Introduction

• Psoriasis is a chronic auto-immune skin disorder that can have substantial implications on quality of life. Provincial reimbursement criteria aim to control utilization and reduce costs; however, they can also hinder timely access to therapies and impose a provincial administrative burden.

Objective

 This study aims to assess the financial impact of removing reimbursement criteria through the case study of HP/TAZ, a topical combination treatment for plaque psoriasis with special authorization criterion in Alberta

Methods and Materials

- Units and costs were collected from IQVIA PharmaStat and DeltaPA and listing status for year 2023 were retrieved from provincial formularies for the provinces of Alberta, Ontario, Saskatchewan and Manitoba.
- HP/TAZ market shares were calculated in these provinces to have a reference point where HP/TAZ is listed as regular benefit.
- Based on their respective costs per treatment day and market shares in Alberta, the weighted average cost per treatment day for HP/TAZ combination comparators was calculated. The drug costs for HP/TAZ and its combination comparators were calculated by multiplying the number of treatments in Alberta by the costs per treatment. Alberta public drug costs, should a regular benefit listing be obtained, were estimated and compared to the current scenario to determine provincial financial impact.
- A survey, which was sent to Alberta dermatologists, and a literature search were used to incorporate the costs associated with the pre-authorization and renewal process in the estimation of the administrative costs related to the HP/TAZ reimbursement criterion.
- To determine financial impact, the annual administrative provincial costs of HP/TAZ criterion in Alberta were compared with the annual public provincial drug costs that would be generated by a utilization increase, should HP/TAZ criterion be removed.

Methods and Materials

 Based on the financial impact, the percentage of reduction that should be applied on HP/TAZ wholesale price for criterion to be cost-neutral Alberta estimated was administrative costs and access delays of the special authorization reimbursement criterion in Alberta, which were compared with the cost of transferring the HP/TAZ listing from a special authorization criterion to a regular benefit.

Results

• Table 1 illustrates the variation in topical combination plaque psoriasis treatment coverage by showing that all products are listed as general benefit in all provinces, except for HP/TAZ in Alberta which had a special authorization listing.

Table 1. Provincial Public Listings of Topical Combination
Treatments for Plaque Psoriasiss

Generic Name	Form	AB	ON	МВ	SK
HP/TAZ	Lotion (Brand)	SA	GB	GB	GB
Betamethasone dipropionate & calcipotriene	Foam (Brand)	RB	GB*	GB	GB
	Ointment (Brand)	RB	GB**	GB	GB
	Gel (Brand)	RB	GB**	GB	GB
	Ointment (Generic)	RB	GB**	GB	GB
	Gel (Generic)	RB	GB**	GB	GB

LEGEND

SA: Special Authorization

RB/GB: Regular Benefit/General Benefit

* Therapeutic note: For use in patients with psoriasis who have failed 1st line topical steroids and brand calcipotriol therapy.

** Therapeutic note: For the treatment of moderate to severe scalp psoriasis in patients

who have failed first-line topical corticosteroid therapy.

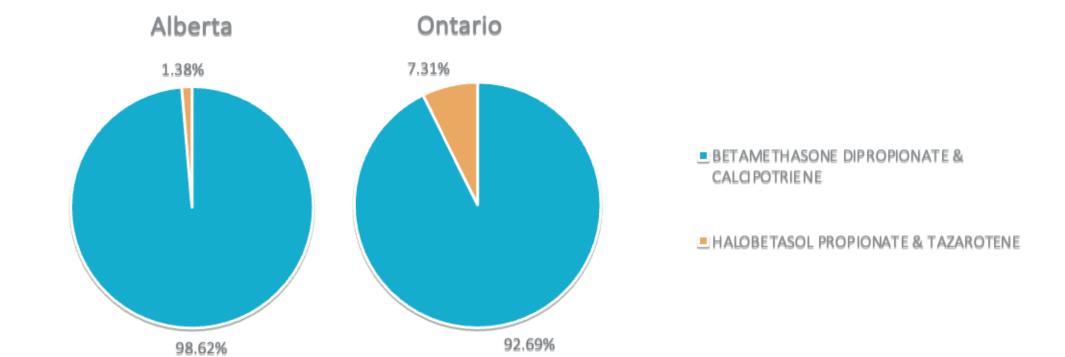
For the treatment of mild to moderate body psoriasis in patients who have failed first-line

topical corticosteroid therapy and brand calcipotriol therapy

• HP/TAZ is used 5.4 times more in

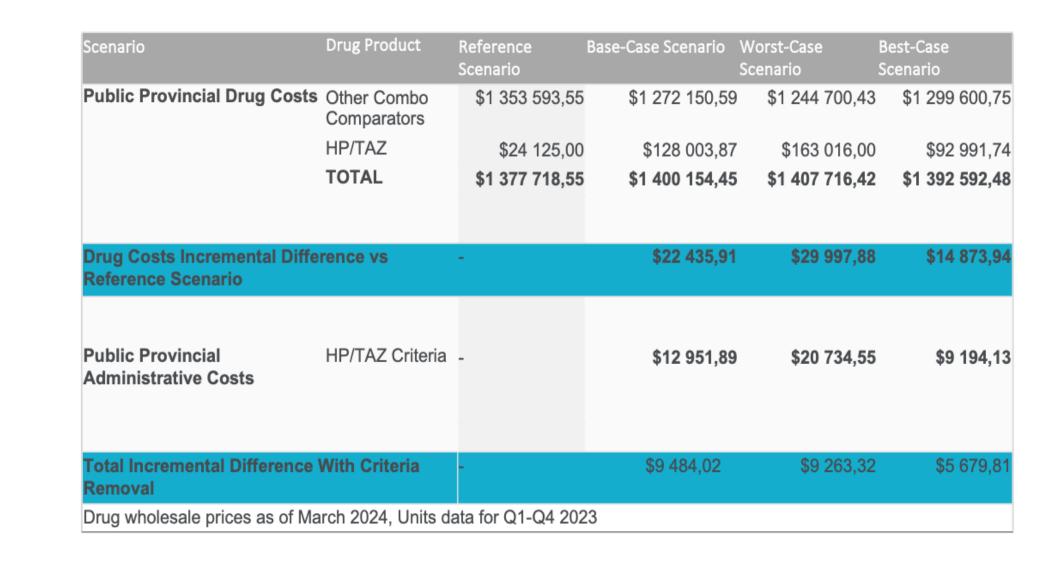
• HP/TAZ is used 5.4 times more in Ontario, where it is listed as a regular benefit, when compared to Alberta, where it is listed with a special authorization criteria (Figure 1).

Figure 1. Public Market Shares (Q1-Q4 2023) for HP/TAZ and its Combination Comparators



Results

Table 2. Total Incremental Difference in Annual Public Provincial Costs with HP/TAZ Criterion Removal in Alberta



- For the base-case scenario, the expected additional drug costs resulting from the special authorization criterion removal surpassed the Alberta criterion's administrative costs by \$9,484.02 (Table 2).
- According to clinical expert opinion, the access delays averaged 10 days (Table 3).

Table 3. Survey Questions Sent to Alberta Dermatologists, Anonymized Abridged Results and Data Points Used in Administrative Costs Analysis

Survey Questions		Data points for sensitivity analysis			
1. How much time, in average, would you		Base-Case Scenario (Average of the collected answers)	Scenario	Worst-Case Scenario (Max)	
estimate is required to fill out Duok Special Authorization Form (ABC 60	6	1	10	Mins	
a. In general, who, on your team, is responsible for filling out Duobrii	MD	31%	0	100%	%
Special Authorization Form (ABC 60094)?	Nurse	69%	100%	0	%
2. In average, how quickly would you the patient can get his medication the submission of the HP/TAZ topic Special Authorization Request Form 60094)?	following al lotion		3	21	Days
3. Following the submission of the topical lotion Special Authorization Form (ABC 60094), to your knowled what is the percentage of rejection number of resubmissions needed?	Request dge,	18%	5%	35%	%

Conclusion

- HP/TAZ reimbursement criterion removal would increase the cost minimally for Alberta within the current environment.
- Should a product listing agreement be in place allowing a discount greater or equal to 10% on HP/TAZ drug price, this could make the removal of its special authorization criteria in Alberta a cost-saving alternative for the province, while optimizing patient access.
- The findings and recommendations resulting from this study could contribute to informed decision-making to improve access and the utilization of topical treatments in Canada.

