



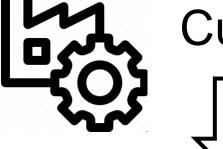


Contact: zilke.claessens@kuleuven.be

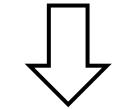
Zilke Claessens^{1*}, Alice Vanneste^{1*}, Jolien Broekmans¹, Muriel Levy², Irina Cleemput², Charline Maertens de Noordhout², Rosanne Janssens¹, Liese Barbier¹, Isabelle Huys¹

¹Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapy, Department of Pharmaceutical and Pharmacological Sciences, KU Leuven, Leuven (Belgium) ²Belgian Health Care Knowledge Centre, Brussels, Belgium

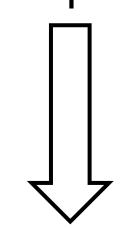
INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES



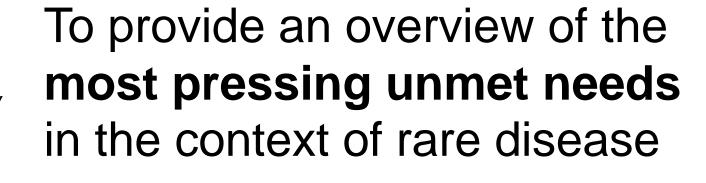
Current healthcare system is primarily supply driven



To move towards a more **needs driven** healthcare system, the Belgian Health Care Knowledge Centre (KCE) has developed the NEED Framework as a tool to identify and assess needs over three main domains (i.e., impact on patients, society, and the future)



NEED Framework applicable to rare diseases?



To identify methodological challenges in research assessing unmet needs in rare diseases

METHODS



Rapid review

- Between May-June 2023
- PubMed and Embase
- 204 peer-reviewed articles were included
- → Evaluation of existing criteria and methods to identify unmet needs in rare diseases



- Two 2h workshops (N1=23, N2=33) between July and August 2023
- Stakeholders: patient and research organisations, HTA bodies, industry experts, policymakers, HCPs
- Thematic framework analysis
- → Complement insights from rapid review

UNMET NEEDS IN RARE DISEASES



Experienced by patients

- Timely and accurate diagnosis to prevent disease worsening
- Emotional and psychological support for patients' anxiety and depression
- Information about the RD, prognosis, and treatment options
- Integrated and holistic care with multidisciplinary approach
- Social support, such as peer support groups

Experienced by caregivers and family

- Appropriate healthcare to cope with uncertainties and burden of caregiving responsibilities
- Financial support due to changes in employment
- Information about the prognosis, treatment options and patients' complex care needs
- Emotional, psychological and social support for caregivers



Experienced by HCPs

- Information about the RD, mechanism of action and treatment options
- Tools for an accurate value for money assessment

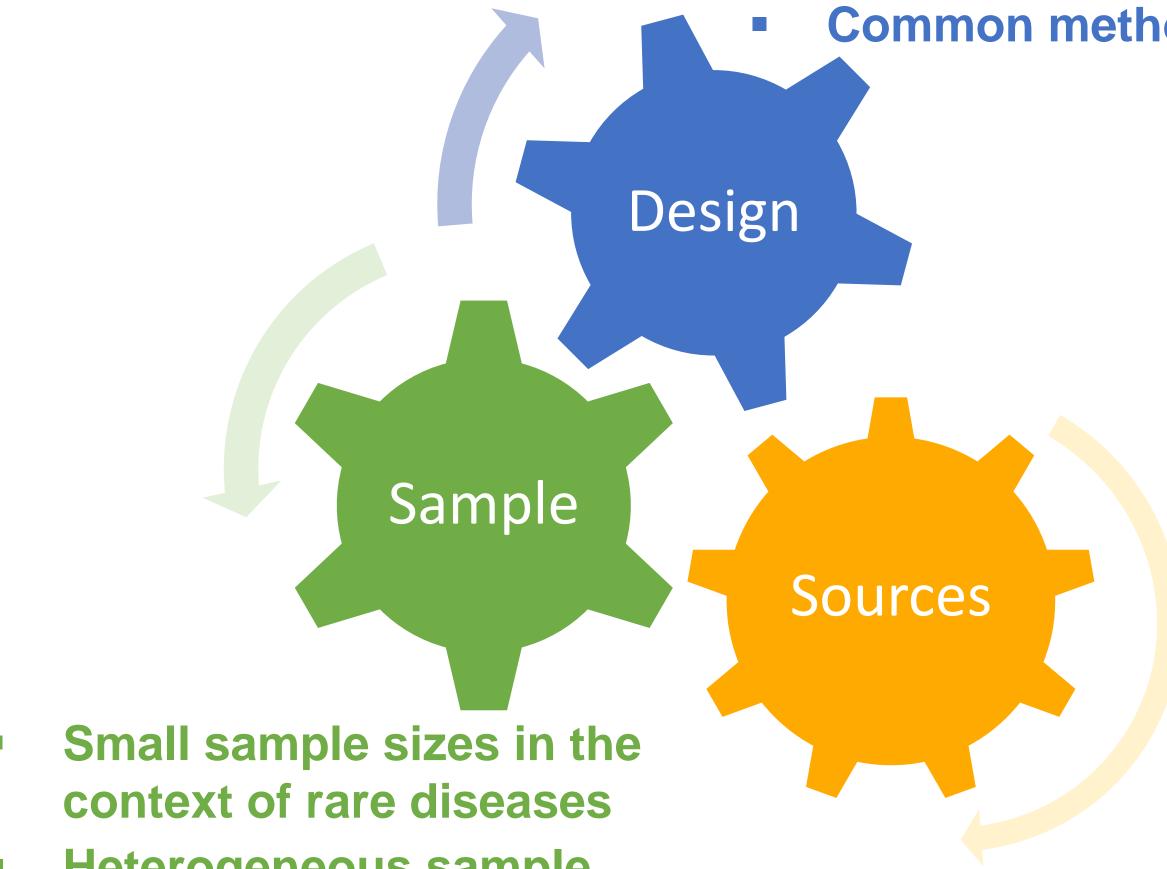


Experienced by society

Awareness, understanding, and familiarity with RD

METHODOLOGICAL CHALLENGES

- Memory bias or recall bias
- (Non-)Response bias
- Funding or sponsorship bias
- **Common method bias**



- Heterogeneous sample



Accurate recruitment strategy is necessary

- Limited literature
- Limited disease-specific databased or rare diseases included in generic databases

List of abbreviations

RD: Rare Disease, KCE: Belgian Healthcare Knowledge Center, NEED: Needs Examination, Evaluation, and Dissemination, HCP: Healthcare Professional, HTA: Health Technology Assessment, SOC: Standard of Care

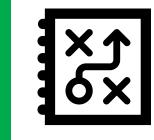
Acknowledgements

This work is supported by the public sector (KCE), SB PhD fellow at FWO - 1S52123N, and KU Leuven.

CONCLUSION



Patients, caregivers, HCPs, and society over various rare diseases report similar criteria to identify unmet needs



Research in rare diseases is challenging and accurate strategies towards design, sample and sources must be taken



Findings can guide future needs assessments in the context of rare diseases