The Development of an Interactive Visual Tool to Communicate the Burden of Atopic Dermatitis in Finland

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OBJECTIVE

The objective was to develop an interactive visual tool to communicate the burden of atopic dermatitis (AD) to healthcare professionals (HCPs) and other stakeholders in Finland using the results from recent Finnish ReloAD-FIN registry study by AbbVie Oy. The goal of the project is to improve the standards of care in AD in Finland.

CONCLUSIONS

An interactive visual tool was developed to communicate the burden of AD in Finland to HCPs and other stakeholders.

The tool visualizes the number of patients with mild, moderate and severe AD in national and regional level as well as the burden of various AD-related comorbidities.

The tool enables effective and tailored communication on the ReloAD-FIN study¹ data about the burden of AD in Finland to local healthcare providers and demonstrates the need to improve the standards of care.

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The data from ReloAD-FIN registry study have been previously presented in a publication Kiiski et al. (2023) Effect of Disease Severity on Comorbid Conditions in Atopic Dermatitis: Nationwide Registry-Based Investigation in Finnish Adults. Acta Dermato-Venereologica, 103, adv00882. https://doi.org/10.2340/actadv.v103.4447

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INTRODUCTION

Atopic dermatitis (AD)

Atopic dermatitis is highly prevalent in Finland, but the burden of the disease is not fully understood, and patients are often undertreated.

The recent ReloAD-FIN registry study¹ by AbbVie Oy shows an increased morbidity of patients with severe AD, regarding infectious, dermatological, psychiatric, metabolic, and musculoskeletal diseases and lymphomas.

METHODS

Development of the Interactive Visual Tool

ReloAD-FIN registry data¹ regarding the disease severity and comorbid conditions of AD patients was converted into an interactive visual tool using Microsoft Power BI platform. The number of patients with mild, moderate and severe AD is presented on both national and regional level.

Comorbidities are clustered and visualized in easy-to-read graphs that enable quick comparisons of AD severity and associated comorbidities. The purpose of the tool is to facilitate discussions with health care professionals and payors, and to inform them about the burden of disease. The tool enables easy tailoring of this communication to situational needs by clicking on the different sheets, graphs and charts.

RESULTS

Figure 1. The Interactive Visual Tool shows the number of patients with mild, moderate and severe AD in Finland regionally by University Hospital Districts

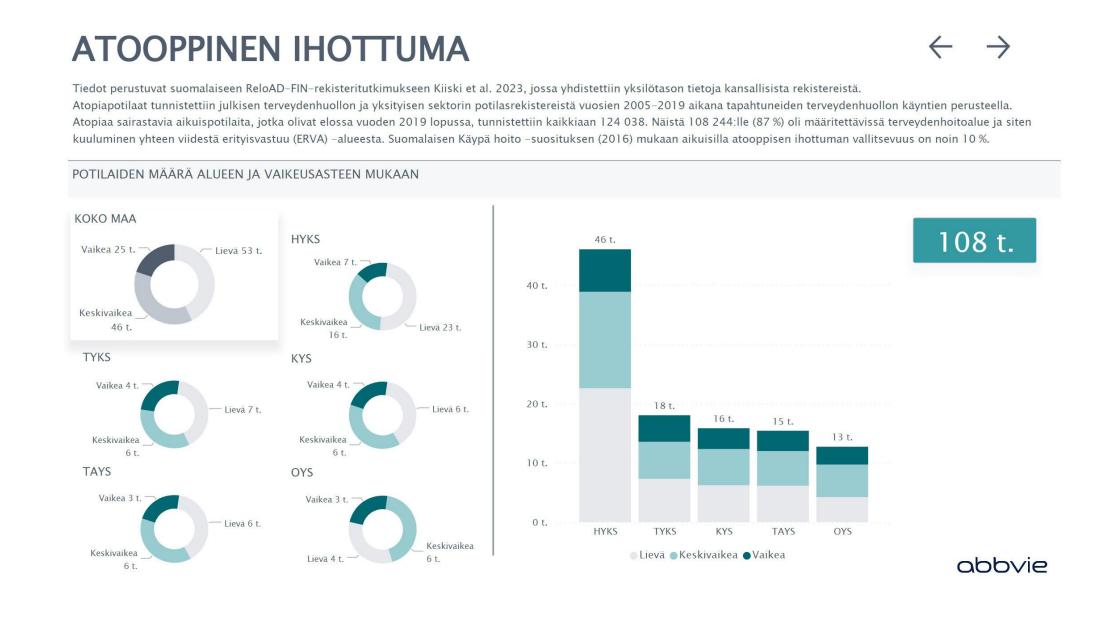
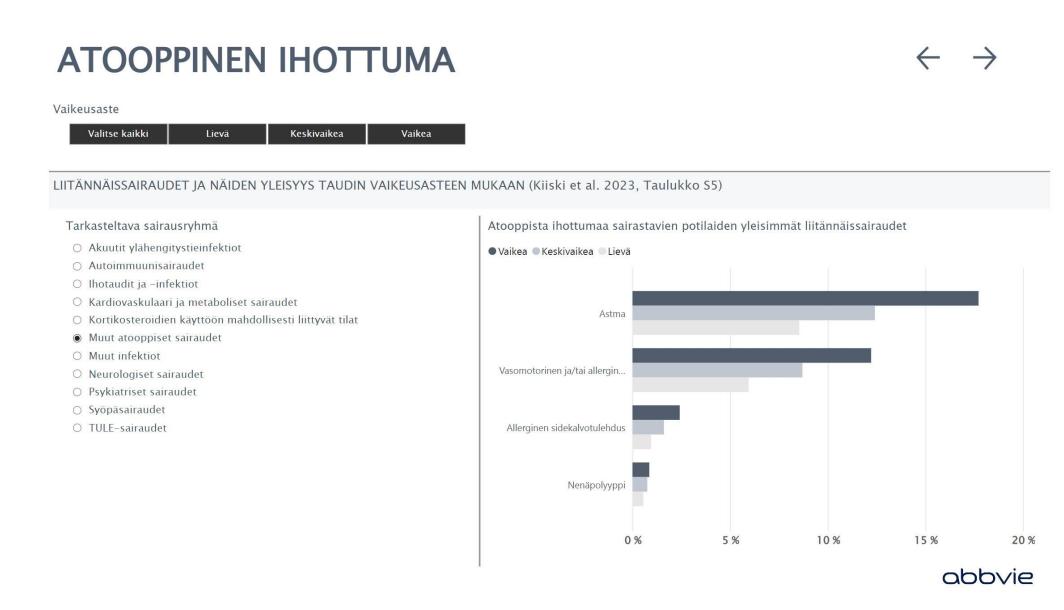


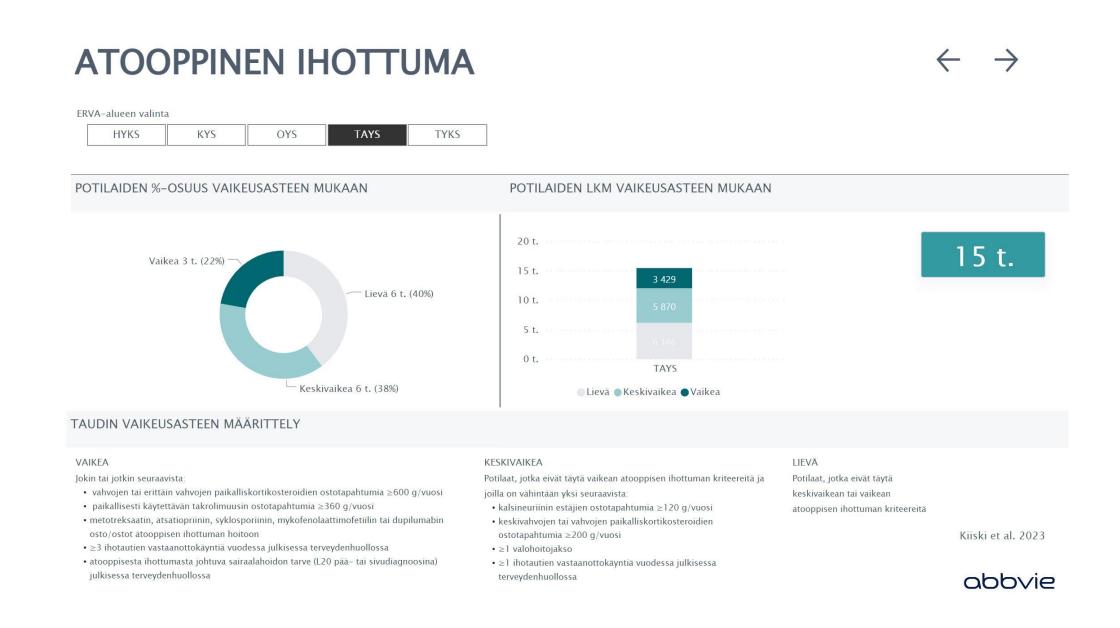
Figure 3. The Interactive Visual Tool enables the examination of different types of AD-related comorbidities and their prevalence by the severity grade of AD



Prevalence of mild, moderate and severe AD in Finland

- In total, 53,046, 46,296 and 24,696 patients with mild, moderate and severe AD respectively, were identified in the ReloAD-FIN registry study¹
- In addition to the total number of patients by severity, the Visual Tool shows the distribution of patients regionally

Figure 2. In The Visual Tool it is possible to choose a region of interest to investigate the detailed patient numbers by disease severity leading to increased understanding of the burden of AD



AD-related comorbidities

- Severe AD increases the risk of infectious, dermatological, mental health, metabolic, and musculoskeletal diseases and lymphomas¹
- In the Visual Tool, the comorbidities can be viewed as easy-to-read graphs that visualize the prevalence of different types of morbidities according to AD severity

Figure 4. AD-related comorbidities are listed in the Visual Tool in more detail by disease severity, ICD-10 diagnosis code and prevalence

