

# The PICO definition: the EUnetHTA 21 case study

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# JCA production process & relevant HTA Regulation Articles



## Initiation Phase

**Art. 6** – annual work plan  
**Art 7** – health technologies subject to JCA



## Scoping Phase

**Art. 8** – Initiation of JCA & PICO development  
**Art. 9** – Submission Dossier  
**Art. 10** – Obligations of HTD



## Assessment phase

**Art. 10** – Obligations of HTD  
**Art. 11** – Assessment process  
**Art. 12** – finalization of JCA  
**Art. 13** – MS obligations  
**Art. 14** – updates of JCA



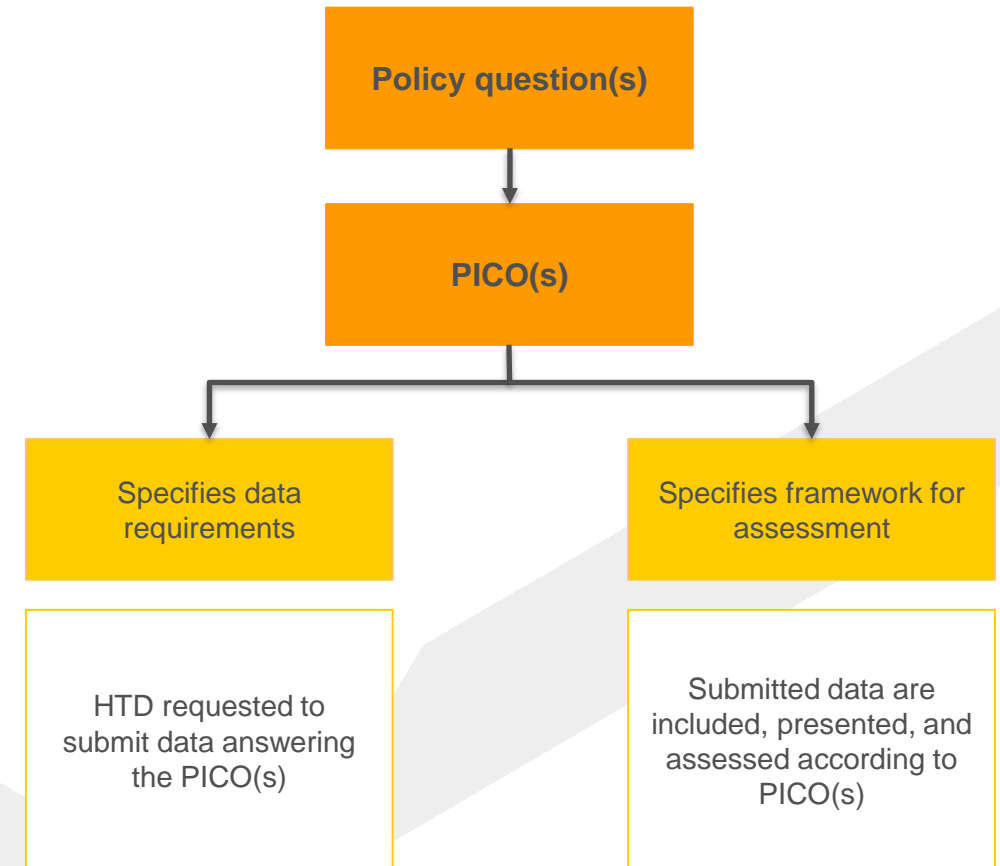
## Implementing Acts

**Art. 15** –detailed procedural rules JCA  
**Art. 25** – rules involvement & selection external experts and stakeholder organisations  
**Art. 26** – format & templates of submission dossier & JCA report

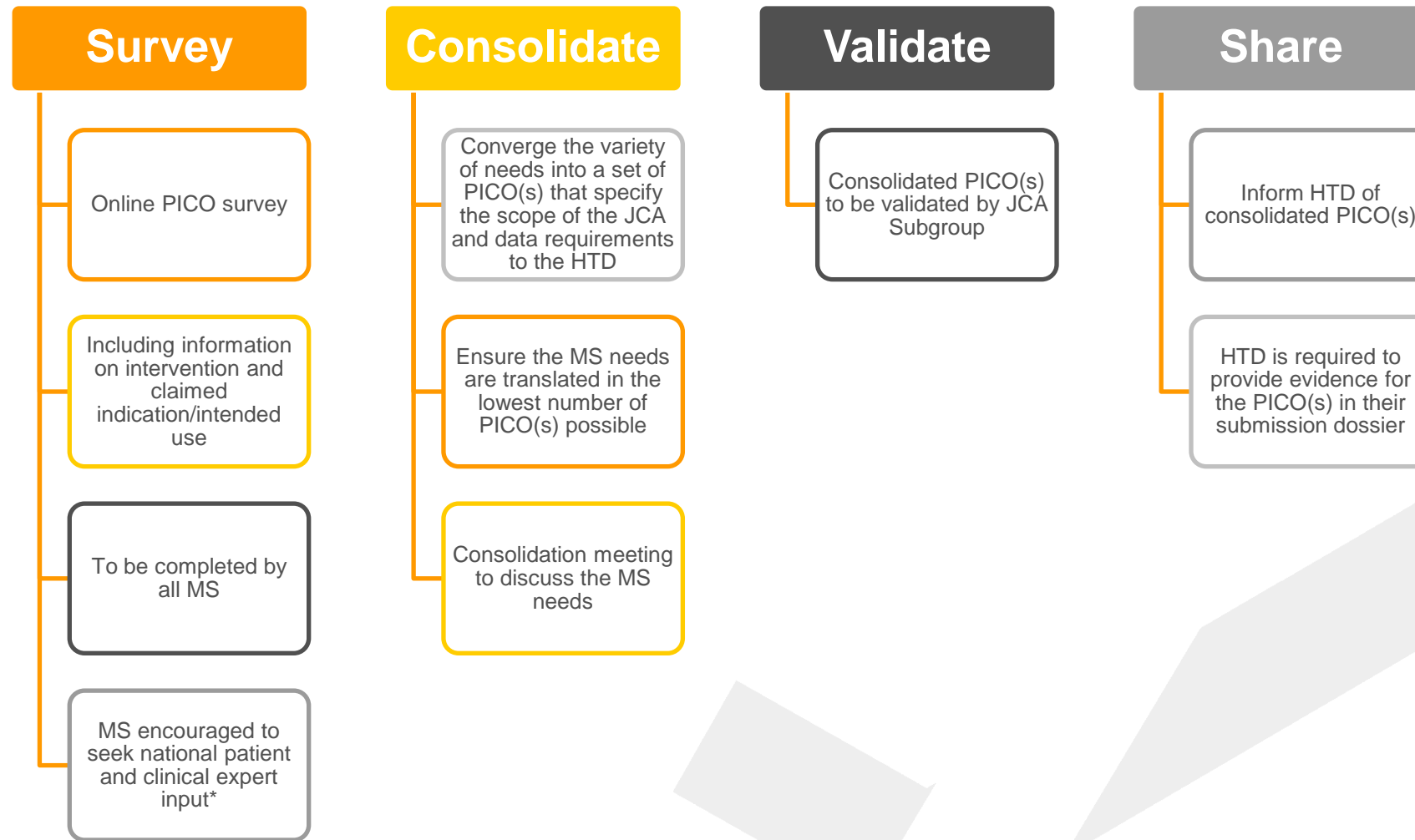
# Role of PICO into JCA

More information on: <https://www.eunetha.eu/d4-2/>

- Key principles:
  - Inclusiveness
  - Independence
- PICO should **not be data** driven, but based on policy needs
- Should reflect all Member States' needs (HTAR Art. 8)
  - MS receive information on
    - The intervention to be assessed and claimed indication/intended use in EU is provided
    - Any Joint Scientific Consultation that might have taken place.
    - However, the JCA PICO should be generated under the conditions existing at the time of the survey.



# PICO development process



# P

**Full patient population** applied for

**Subpopulations;** defined as part of the full population

# I

Information about the intervention to be assessed

The **applied for indication/intended use**

Variations on the intervention, e.g. dose, **are potential effect modifiers**  
*Do not require a separate PICO*

# C

Comparator(s) relevant for the MS HTA for each of the populations they request  
*Defined by MS*

Comparator(s) could be approved or not (off-label) in the EU

MS to indicate if:

- Any of these can be used (OR)
- All are required (AND)
- Individualized treatment

# O

MS should define their needs by listing the outcomes required

Listing of outcomes should **be free of any judgement or ranking**

# Comparators – different scenario's

- AND scenario
  - All the listed comparators are required for the comparison
  - Separate PICO required for each of the comparators, so only 1 C per PICO
- OR scenario
  - All comparators are equally suitable for the population
  - The comparator(s) meeting most MS requirements can be selected/combined in consolidation
- Individualized treatment scenario
  - If comparator does not apply to all patients in the population
  - Treatment is chosen for an individual patient by the physician, from multiple available options
    - All are considered standard of care depending on patient characteristics
    - Choice is based on individual patient characteristics for treatment decision
    - e.g. pre-treatment, localisation of tumor

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# Learnings from EUnetHTA 21 PICO exercises

EUnetHTA 21 PICO exercises	Pluvicto®	Ebvallo®	Pombiliti®
<b>CHMP opinion</b>	13 Oct 2022	16 Dec 2022	15 Dec 2022
<b>Therapeutic area</b>	Oncology	ATMP; orphan	Orphan
<b>Indication</b>	Metastatic castration resistant prostate cancer	Epstein-Barr virus positive post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease	Late-onset Pompe disease
<b>MS (associated HTAb participation)*</b>	8 (n/a)	10 (3)	10 (4)
<b># PICOs</b>	6	5	9
<b># Populations</b>	5	4	3
<b># Comparators</b>	6	5	4
<b># Outcomes**/**</b>	18	22	18

Source: EUnetHTA 21. D.5.4 JCA without HTD submission <https://www.eunetha.eu/d5-4/> (date accessed: 14/9/23)

\*The first survey on was only sent to EUnetHTA 21 members, the other two were sent to more organisations. MS were asked to give one answer per country. \*\*When different outcomes were mentioned in one line these were counted separately (e.g., radiological tumour assessment, including ORR and DoR was counted as 2 outcomes). \*\*\*Outcomes were not consolidated

## Key take-aways

- Based on products with positive CHMP opinion
- In the first therapeutic areas in scope under the HTAR
- Through consolidation the number of PICOs were reduced significantly
  - The number of PICOs ranged from 5 to 9; these PICOs were consolidated across 8-10 MS only
  - All case studies included full population as per EMA label, with PICOs for up to 4 subpopulations
  - Comparators: included physician's choice and individualised therapy
- Only the consolidated PICO at EU level will be published (not the individual MS level PICOs)
- Learnings and revisions made
  - Two weeks is short for MS to return the survey
  - PICO survey 2 and 3 based on proposal by assessor
  - Incorporation of glossary to standardize terminology used
  - Recommendations for a PICO Working Group to standardize consolidation process