

The UK Innovative Licensing and Access Pathway (ILAP) Program – Early trends in Innovation Passport awards

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Introduction

BACKGROUND

- The Innovative Licensing and Access Pathway (ILAP) is a novel route for UK market access that is open to both commercial and non-commercial developers of medicines (UK-based and or global).^{1,2}
- The ILAP aims to accelerate the time to market and facilitate patient access to medicines (Figure 1).^{1,2}
- The ILAP process comprises of an Innovation Passport designation, a Target Development Profile (TDP), and access to a toolkit to support all stages of the design, development, and approvals process.¹
- The eligibility criteria for an ILAP Innovation Passport are presented in Figure 2.

Figure 1. UK market access route with and without ILAP³

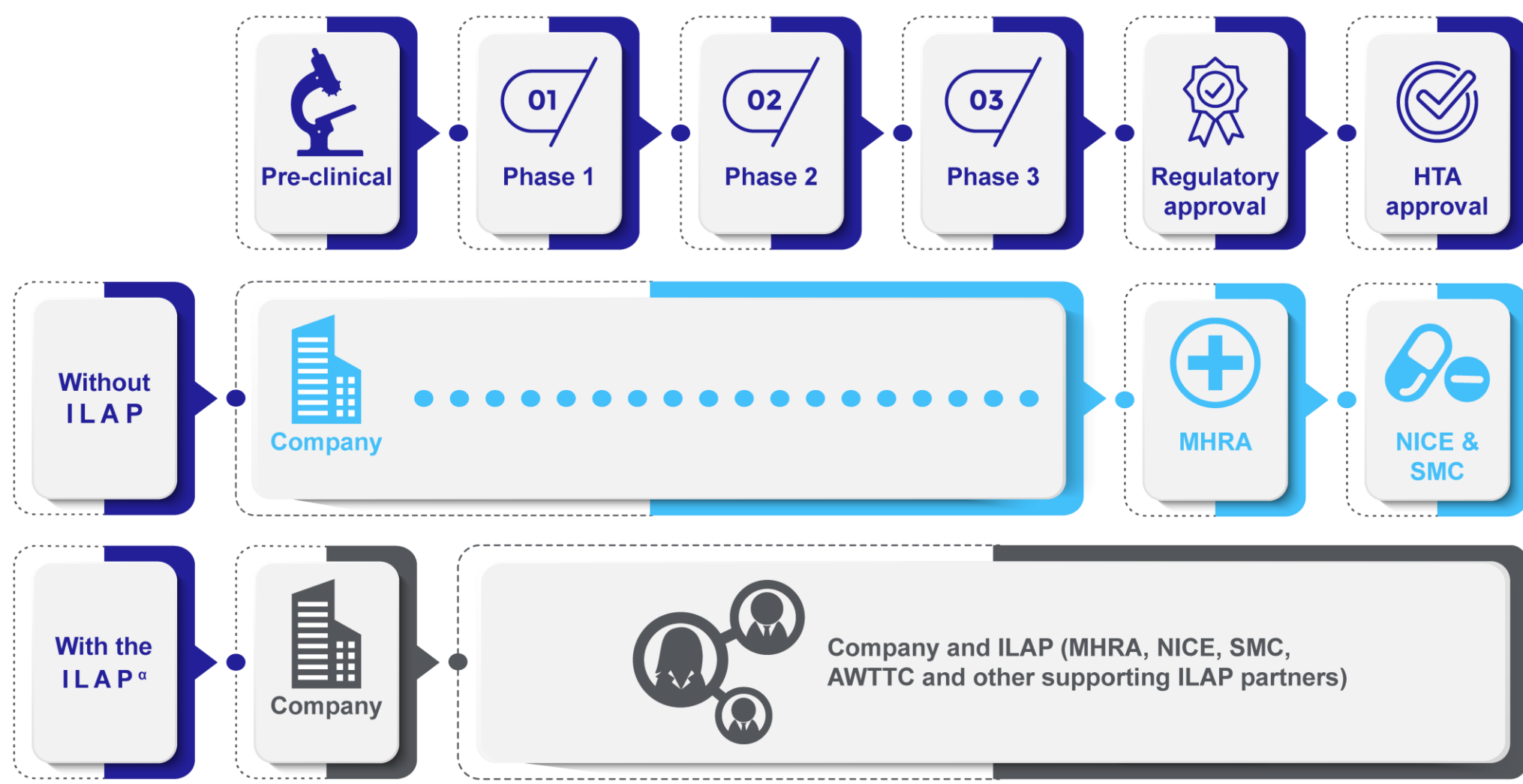
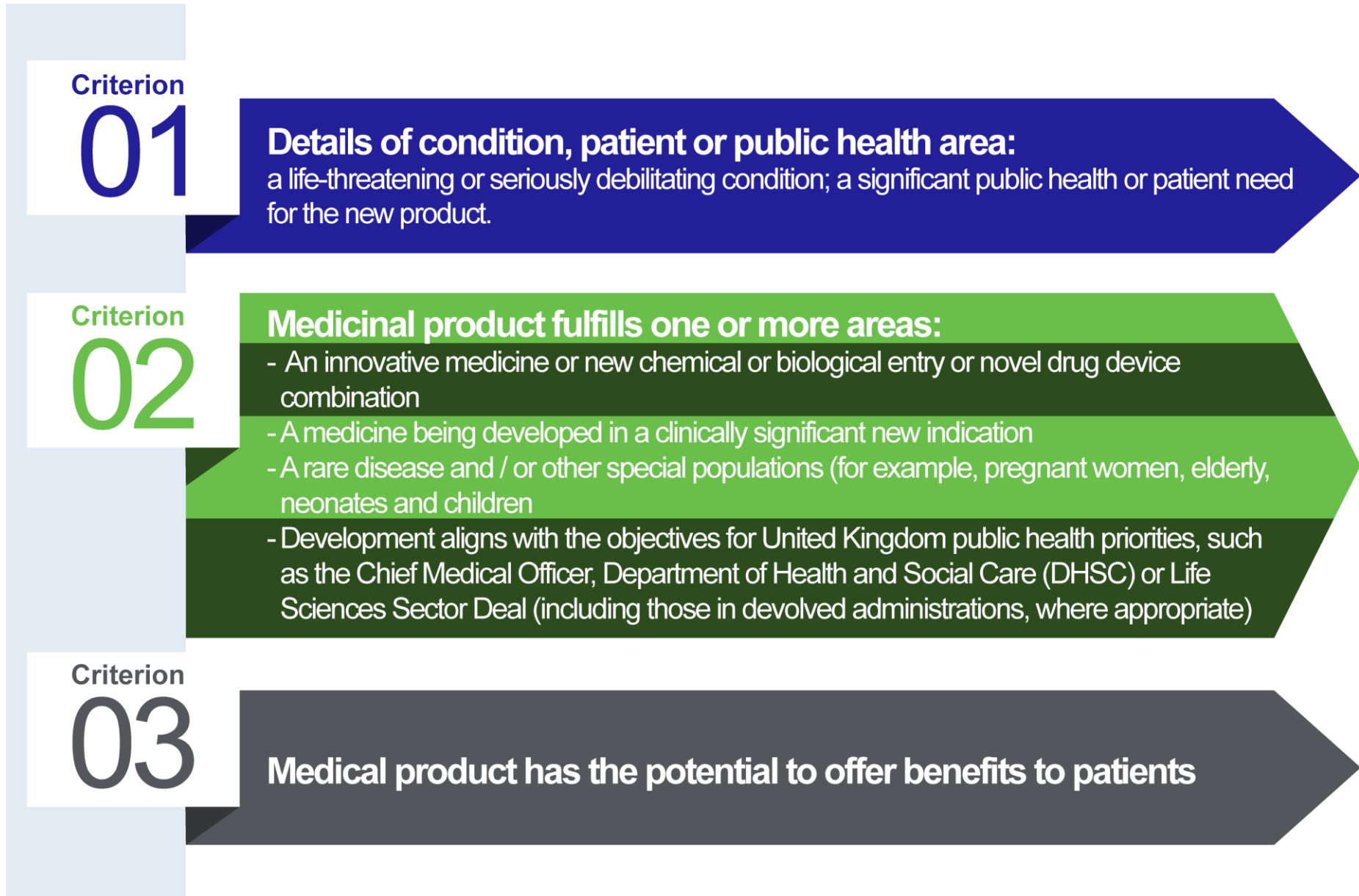


Figure 2. Eligibility criteria for ILAP Innovation Passport⁴



Objective

- Our primary objective was to identify medical products that were awarded ILAP Innovation Passports since the program's inception in 2021.**
- Our secondary objective was to characterize the target indication, stage of development, and regulatory status of these drugs.**

Methods

- As official details on ILAP awards remain confidential, a literature search of published information in the public domain was performed.
- English-language records, including published peer-reviewed articles, grey literature and news reports, and websites of the FDA, EMA, Project Orbis, and drug manufacturers, were reviewed.
- For each medical product, target indication, clinical trials, regulatory status, and designations were collected.
- Public records for 40 (out of 71 total) medical products awarded ILAP Innovation Passports were identified, of which 28 (70%) were awarded in 2021 and 12 (30%) were awarded in the first half of 2022 (until June).

Results

ILAP awards by indication and regulatory agency designation

- The most common target indications were oncology (n=17, 43%), followed by psychiatry (n=4, 10%), neurophysiology, dermatology and musculoskeletal diseases (n=3, 8% each) (Figure 3).
- The FDA and EMA granted orphan drug designations to 17 and 13 products, respectively (Table 1).
- Five therapies had FDA Breakthrough Therapy Designation, while four had EMA PRIME status (Table 1).
- Ten therapies received approvals through the Project Orbis scheme (Table 1).

Figure 3. ILAP awards by indication

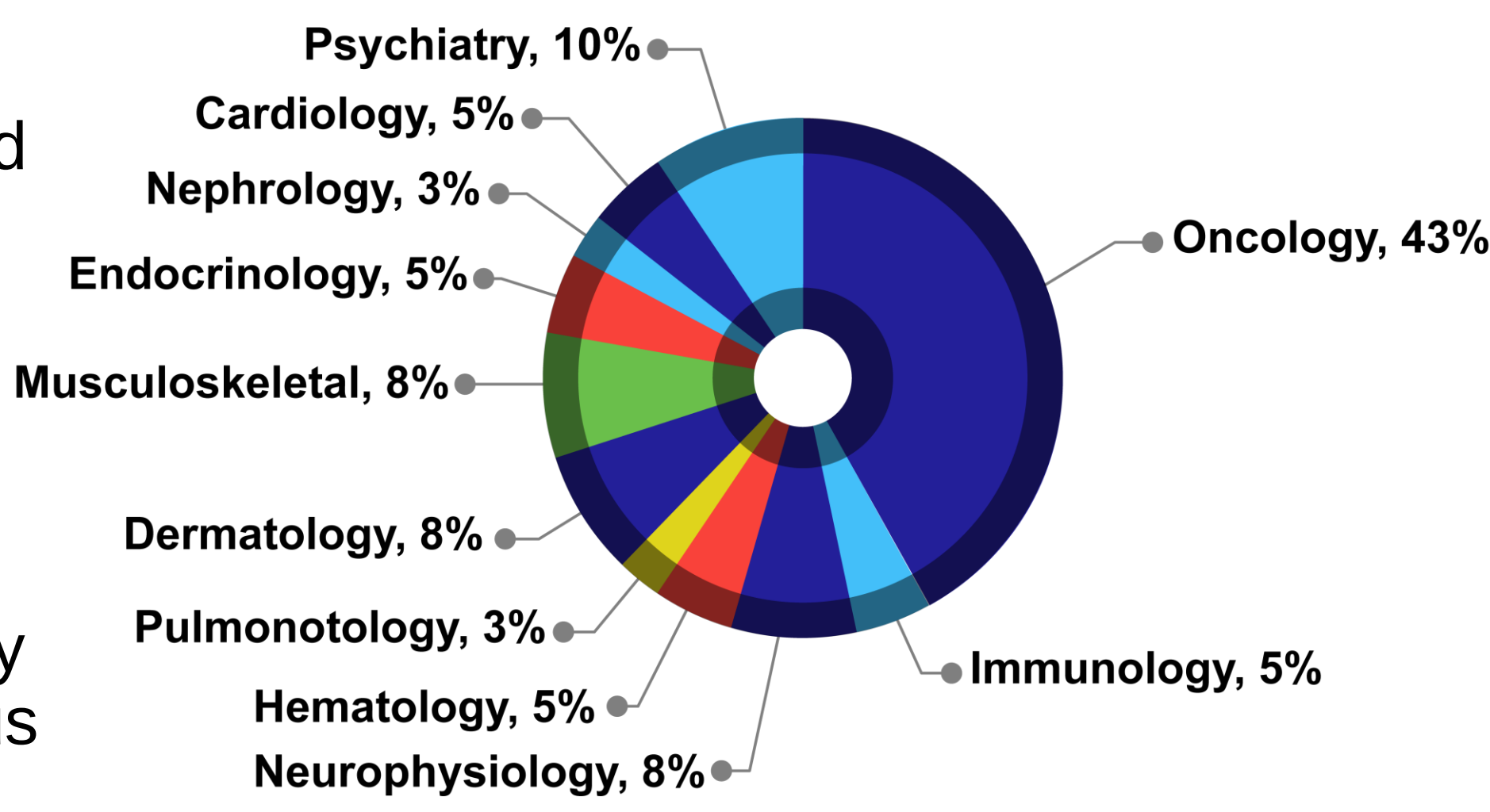


Figure 4. ILAP awards by drug phase

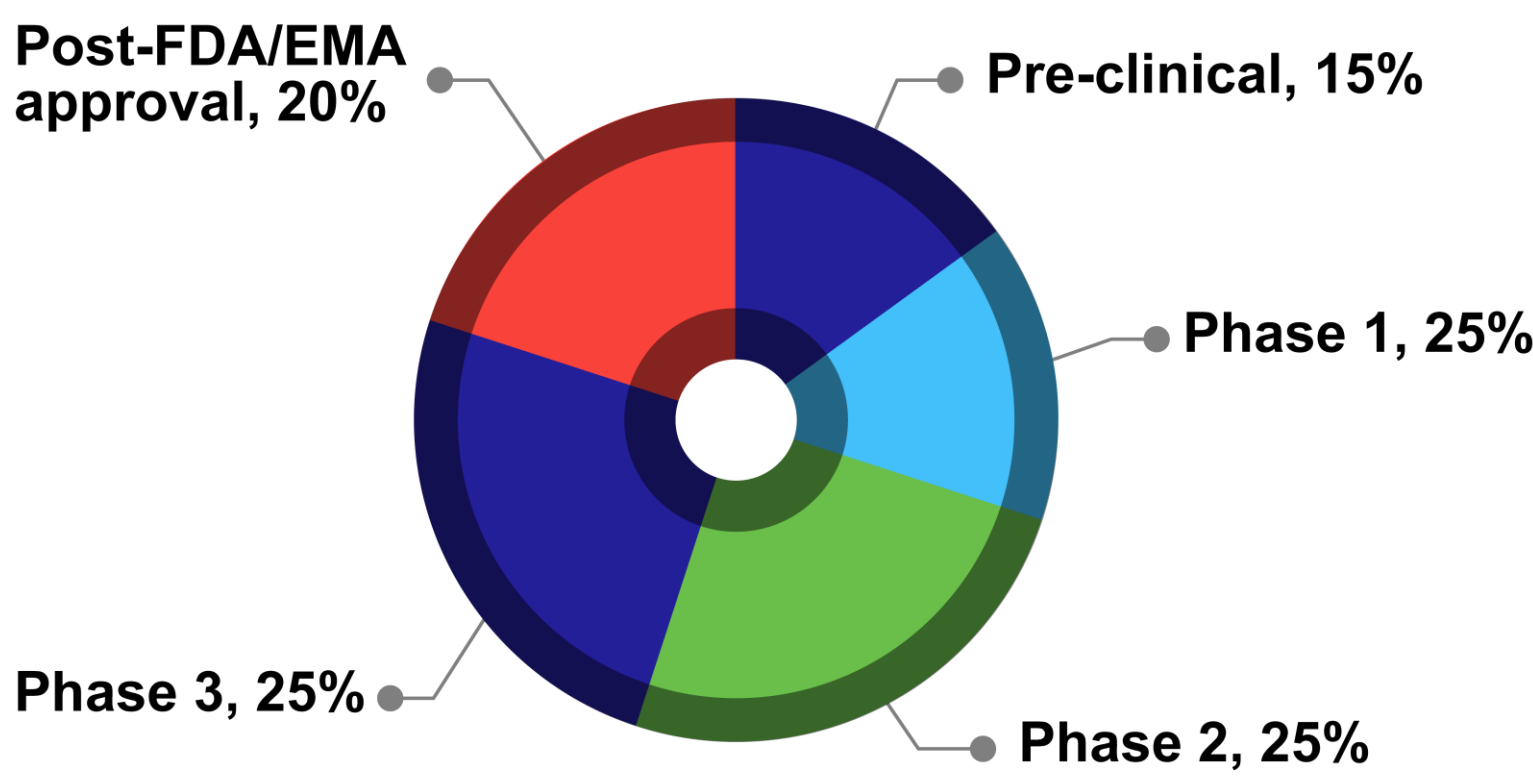


Table 1. List of ILAP awardees with regulatory agency designations

Product (trade/code name)	Indication	FDA designation	EMA designation	Project Orbis
amivantamab (Rybrentav)	Oncology	-	-	✓
atezolizumab (Tecentriq)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
belzutifan (Welireg)	Oncology	Orphan	Orphan	✓
encequidar (Oraxol)	Oncology	Orphan	Orphan	✗
hypericin (Hybryte)	Oncology	Orphan	Orphan	✗
imetelstat (GRN163L)	Hematology	Orphan	Orphan	✗
iptacopan (LNP023)	Dermatology	Rare Pediatric Disease (Orphan)	PRIME	✗
lorlatinib (Lorviqua)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
lovotibeglogene autotemcel (Lovo-cel)	Hematology	Breakthrough	PRIME	✗
LYS-GM101	Neurophysiology	Rare Pediatric Disease	Orphan	✗
mobocertinib (Exkivity)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
molgramostim	Pulmonotology	Breakthrough	Orphan	✗
midomafetamine (Ecstasy)	Psychiatry	Breakthrough	-	✗
obecabtagene autoleucel	Oncology	Orphan	PRIME	✗
osimertinib (Tagrisso)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
pegunigalsidase alfa (PRX-102)	Endocrinology	-	Orphan	✗
psilocybin	Psychiatry	Breakthrough	-	✗
repagatermanium (DMX-200)	Nephrology	Orphan	Orphan	✗
roxolitinib (Jakavi)	Immunology	Orphan	-	✓
sacituzumab govetican (Trodelvy)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
sotorasib (Lumykras)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
tepotinib (Tepmetko)	Oncology	Orphan	-	✓
tepelizumab (Tzield)	Endocrinology	Breakthrough	PRIME	✗
tildegslusib (Nypta)	Musculoskeletal	Orphan	Orphan	✗
hydromethylthionine mesylate (TRx0237)	Neurophysiology	Orphan	-	✗

Conclusions

- The ILAP is a promising program with the potential to create efficiencies during medical product development, regulatory appraisal, and reimbursement.**
- The majority of identified ILAP awardees are for medical products in oncology and are in development phase 2 or 3.**
- The lack of transparency and limited public records of ILAP experience, particularly for medical products in early development, presents a challenge to researchers and manufacturers considering application and should be reassessed during the initial stages of the program.**

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Abbreviations / Glossary

AWTTC: All Wales Therapeutics and Toxicology Centre; EMA: European Medicines Agency; FDA: Food and Drug Administration; HTA: Health technology assessment; ILAP: Innovative Licensing and Access Pathway; MHRA: Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency; PRIME: Priority Medicine; SMC: Scottish Medicines Consortium; TDP: Target Development Profile

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