Conflict-of-interest statement

The author has no conflict of interest to declare







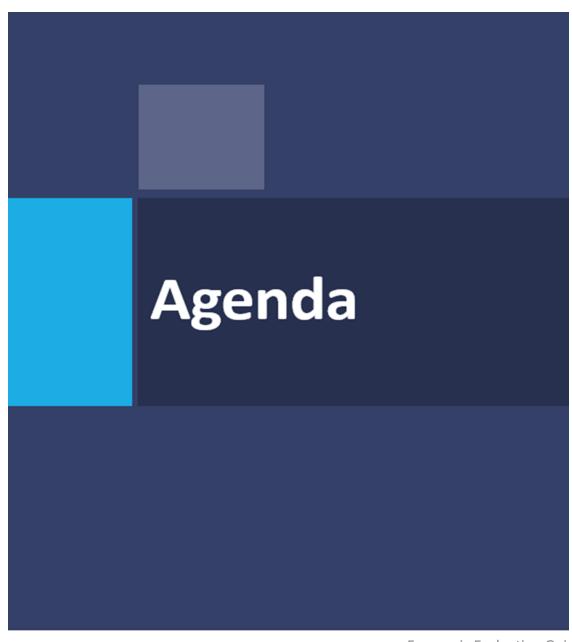




ECONOMIC EVALUATION GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT: THE LEBANESE EXPERIENCE

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Objective



Methodological Framework



Findings



Setting the LEEG



Suggested Roadmap

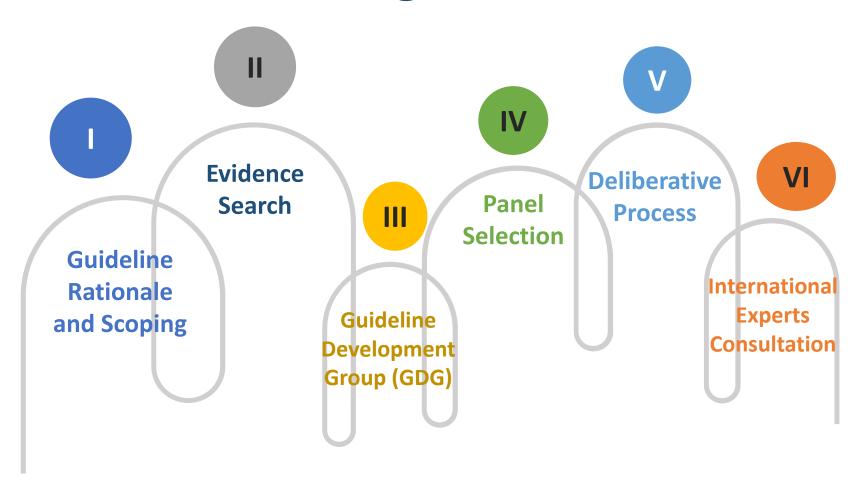
Objective

✓ Provide a tool that can assist guidelines developers in developing national guidelines

✓ Transparently report the steps followed in developing the LEEG

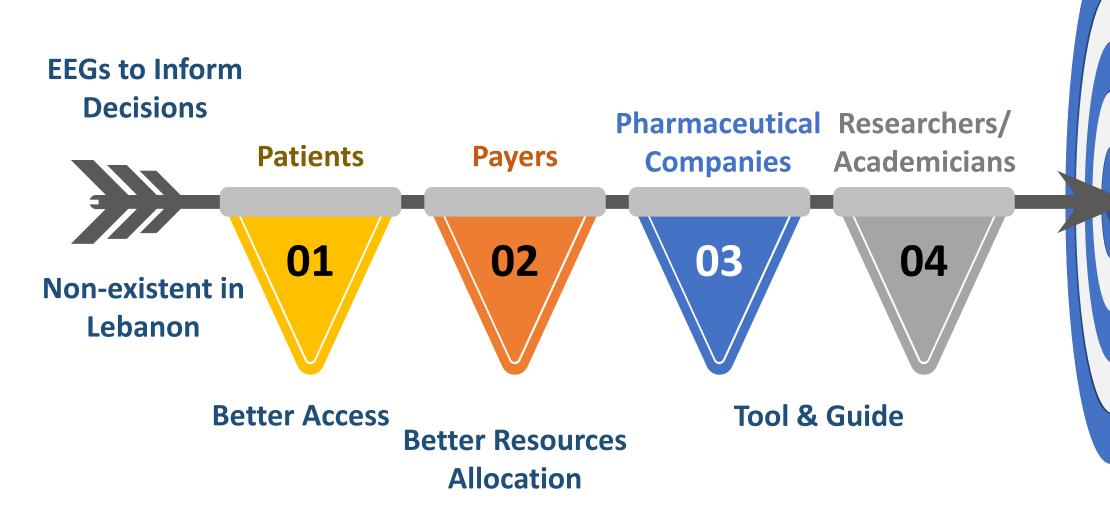


Methodological Framework





I. Guideline Rational and Scoping





II. Evidence Search: Systematic Reviews

1 Economic Evaluation Guidelines in Low- and MiddleIncome Countries

Daccache C, Rizk R, Dahham J, Evers SMAA, Hiligsmann M, Karam R (2022). Economic evaluation guidelines in low- and middle-income countries: a systematic review. International Journal of Technology Assessment in Health Care 38, e1, 1–14. https://doi.org/ 10.1017/S0266462321000659



2 The Development Process of Economic Evaluation Guidelines in Low- and Middle-Income Countries

Daccache C, Karam R, Rizk R, Evers SMAA, Hiligsmann M (2022). The development process of economic evaluation guidelines in low- and middle-income countries: a systematic review. International Journal of Technology Assessment in Health Care, 38(1), e35, 1–8 https://doi.org/10.1017/S0266462322000186

The researcher who does not know what he is searching for does not understand what he finds

(Claude Bernard)

II.1. Economic Evaluation Guidelines in Low- and Middle-Income Countries: A Systematic Review

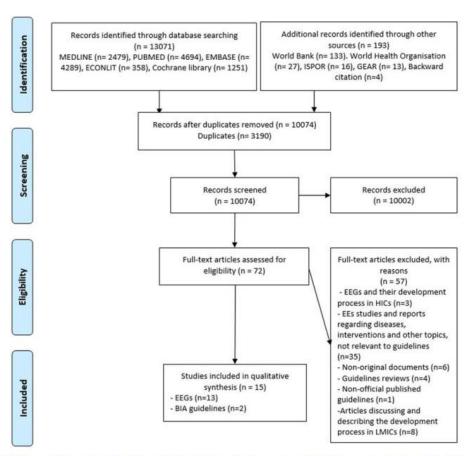


Figure 1. PRISMA diagram of study selection. Abbreviations: BIA, budget impact analysis; EE, economic evaluation; EEG, economic evaluation guideline; ISPOR, professional society for health economics and outcomes research; GEAR, guide to health economic analysis and research; LMICs, low- and middle-income countries.



- ✓ No EEGs developed in low-income countries
- ✓ Methodological key features were not addressed in some guidelines
- ✓ Weaknesses in EEGs could adversely affect the quality of EE studies and decisionmakers' judgment

II.2. The Development Process of Economic Evaluation Guidelines in Low- and Middle-Income Countries: A Systematic Review



Table 2. Summary of the Development Steps of EEGs in LMICs

Steps	Results n/N	Bhutan	Brazil	China	Colombia	Cuba	Egypt	India	Indonesia	Malaysia	Mexico	Philippine	Russian Federation	South Africa	Thailand
Reviews	6/14				x	x	X			x		x			x
Workshops	9/14	х	х	х		x	x			x	х	x			x
International experts support	5/14	¥			×	¥		¥	¥						
International Organizations support	4/14		х			X			х			х			
Number of reported steps taken		2	2	1	2	4	2	1	2	2	2	3	0	0	2

Additional records identified through other Records identified through database searching sources (n = 193) (n = 13071)World Bank (n= 133). World Health Organisation MEDLINE (n= 2479), PUBMED (n= 4694), EMBASE (n= (n= 27), Backward citation (n=4), ISPOR (n= 16), 4289), ECONLIT (n= 358), Cochrane library (n= 1251) GEAR (n= 13) Records after duplicates removed (n = 10074) Duplicates (n= 3190) Records screened Records excluded (n = 72)(n = 10002)Full-text articles assessed for Full-text articles excluded, with eligibility (n = 23) (n = 51)- EEGs and their development process in HICs (n=3) EEs studies and reports regarding diseases, interventions and other topics, not relevant to guidelines Non-original documents (n=6) Studies included in quantitative Guidelines reviews (n=4) synthesis (n = 21) Non-official published -EEGs (n=13) guidelines (n=1) - Articles discussing and describing -BIA guidelines (n=2) the development process (n=8)

Figure 1. PRISMA diagram of study selection. BIA, budget impact analysis; EE, economic evaluation; EEG, economic evaluation guidelines; GEAR, guide to health economic analysis and research; HICs, high-income countries; ISPOR, Professional Society for Health Economics and Outcomes Research; LMICs, low- and middle-income countries.

EEGs, economic evaluation guidelines; LMICs, low- and middle-income countries.



III. Guideline Development Group (GDG)



Coordinator, Expert in Health Systems, and Representative of Potential Users

Professor in Pharmaceutical Sciences, Faculty of Sciences and Medical Sciences,

Lebanese University

Consultant for the Ministry of Public Health

Quality Assurance of Pharmaceutical Products Program Director

Expert in Health Technology Assessment (HTA) and Health Economics

Assistant Professor at the Lebanese American University, School of Arts and Sciences, Department of Natural Sciences, Byblos, Lebanon Researcher and Coordinator, INSPECT-LB, Lebanon

Expert in Research Synthesis and Knowledge Translation

Ph.D. candidate in Health Technology Assessment, Maastricht University, The Netherlands

Researcher & Developer, Mediphar Laboratories, Lebanon

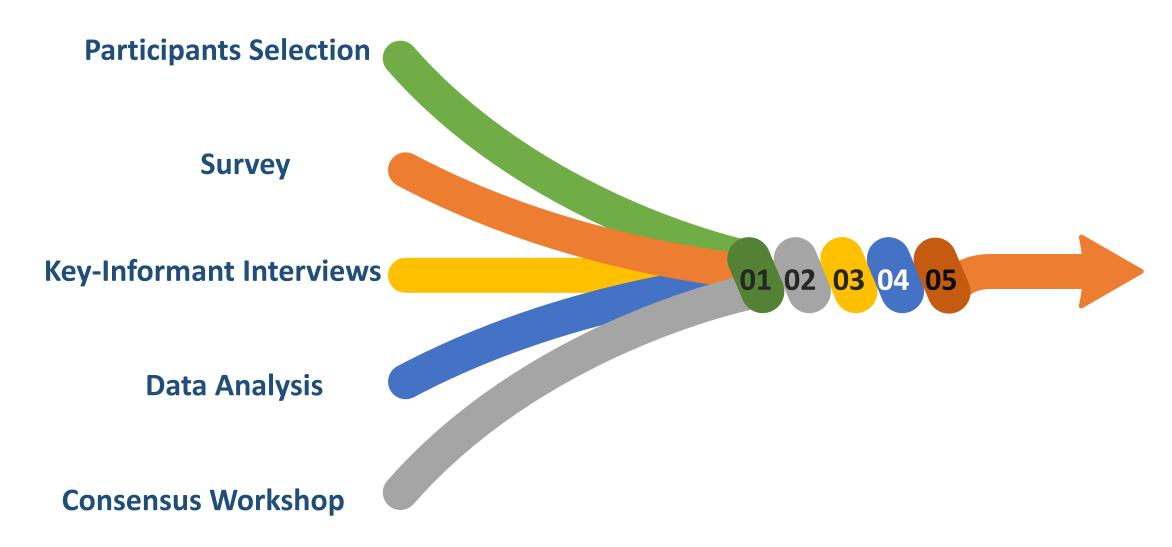


IV. Panel Selection

Pharmaceutical Bioethicists Companies Patients Advocacy Payers: Public and **ISPOR Lebanon Private** Chapter **Physicians** Nurses **Researchers & Pharmacists Academicians**

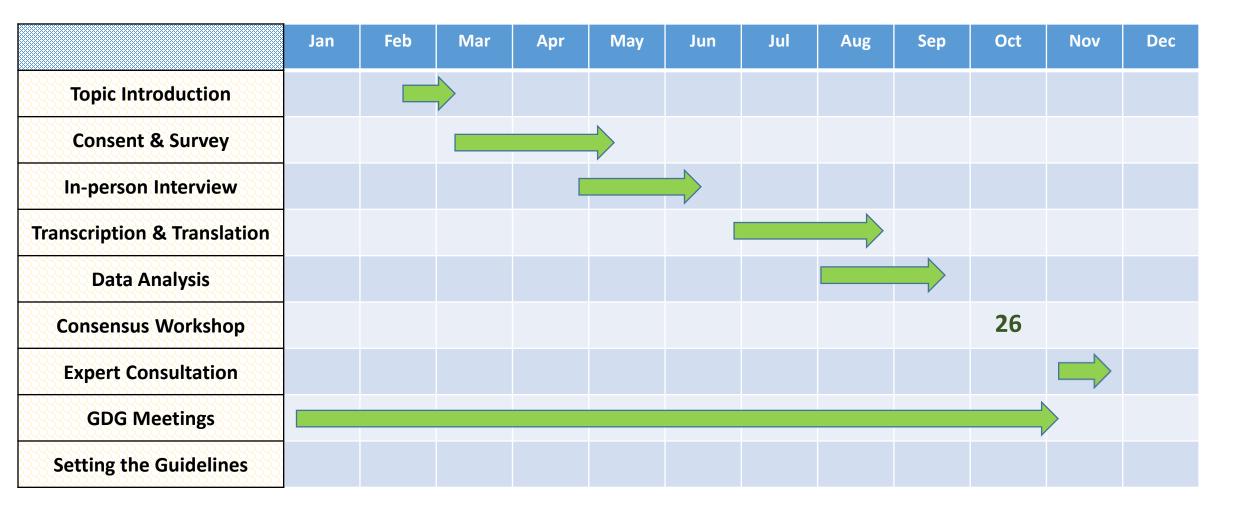


V. Deliberative Process: Methods





V. Deliberative Process: Timeline Table





VI. International Experts Consultation



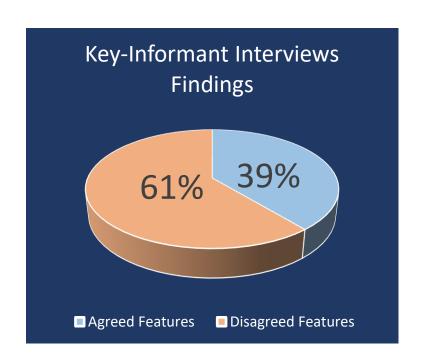
Prof. Silvia M.A.A. Evers

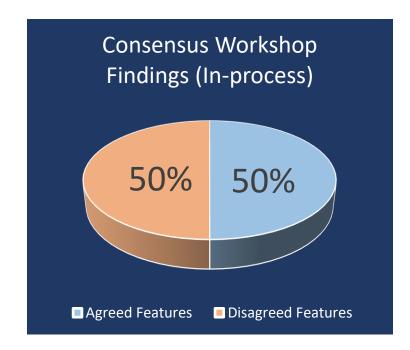
Professor of Health Technology Assessment, Maastricht University, The Netherlands

Dr. Mickaël Hiligsmann

Associate Professor of Health Technology Assessment and Health Economics, Maastricht University, The Netherlands

Findings & Setting LEEG







Lebanese Economic Evaluation Guideline (LEEG)

Roadmap

Identify the Scope

Search for Evidence

Translate Evidence into Recommendations



THANK YOU

Everything is theoretically impossible, until it is done (Robert A. Heinlein)

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