# **PNS11** Early health economic modelling as a tool to guide strategic clinical development and in-licensing decisions

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### **Background and objectives**

- During the pharmaceutical lifecycle, health economic modelling is usually reserved for the purposes of health technology assessment (HTA) and rarely plays a part in determining target product profiles (TPPs) or go/no go decisions.
- Health economics is intrinsically interlinked with net present value (NPV):
  - The clinical outcomes achievable can differ between patient subgroups, which underpins cost effectiveness, the pricing corridor and the size of the target patient population
  - The price, patient numbers, clinical trial size and economic evidence generation activities are key drivers of net present value (NPV). An NPV>0 indicates a commercially viable product, with higher NPV indicating a stronger commercial opportunity
- Here we demonstrate how early health economic modelling can be a useful tool to guide strategic development or in-licensing decisions, framed around a hypothetical acute care product to treat neurovascular injury

### Methods

Drug X is a pre-phase III hypothetical acute care product used for the treatment of aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage (aSaH), a rare but serious type of spontaneous neurovascular injury

Two separate but interacting Excel models were developed to evaluate the cost effectiveness and risk-adjusted NPV of drug X in aSaH patients with a World Federation of Neurological Societies (WFNS) status of 2 to 4 at admission (lower score indicating better neurological status)

#### **Economic model**

- An economic model was developed in Excel for drug X vs. the current inhospital standard of care (SoC) protocol
- The model used modified Rankin scale (mRS) as the key clinical measure of neurological disability from which costs and quality adjusted life years (QALYs) were derived. Base case outcomes were informed by phase II data
- As neurological status at admission is a key driver of neurological outcome, the model was structured to analyse outcomes by WFNS status at admission
- <sup>2</sup> Using the Excel 'Goal Seek' threshold analysis tool, the maximum price for drug X permitting an incremental cost effectiveness ratio (ICER) of €30,000 was tabulated for each subgroup, based on estimates of base vs. worst case efficacy (which could be calculated from Phase II studies).
- 3 QALY gain for each scenario was also tabulated, as QALY gain can be considered a proxy for absolute clinical benefit and likely uptake (market share) of the drug
- The model was also used to identify further real world evidence (RWE) requirements, which were to be accounted for in the discounted cash flow model. As aSAH trials are generally of short duration, these largely comprised

#### **Risk-adjusted Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model**

A DCF model was developed in Excel to evaluate the NPV of drug X over a 10-year time horizon, staring from initiation of phase III clinical studies

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- Estimates of clinical development costs and success rates were obtained from the published literature (Mestre-Ferrandiz et al., 2012)
- The DCF model was structured to analyse NPV by any combination of WFNS subgroup(s)
- 5 QALY gain in each WFNS subgroup informed relative scale of market penetration of drug X in that subgroup
- Price of drug X for each WFNS subgroup was informed by the economic model threshold analyses. A 'blended price' was calculated based on the proportions of patients in each subgroup
- Clinical development costs were based on reported recruitment numbers in a published phase III trial protocol, but were weighted based on the potential QALY gain in each subgroup (Clinical Trials.gov, 2016)
- RWE studies to support HTA and market access activities were informed by 8 the evidence gaps in the economic model and costed for the DCF model

capturing the long-term costs and quality of life of patients according to their mRS score at 3 months



#### Results

- Using the two models, a structured table of potential product profiles was 9 produced with details of the price, patient population and size, efficacy assumption, potential patient share, development costs, ICER and NPV
- Based on the table, the most lucrative and least risky option was to develop drug X for WFNS 3 to 4 patients only, despite this being a subgroup. A worstcase scenario when developing for WFNS 2-3 could potentially lead to a non-profitable product

EUROPE			<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>202</u> 2
ncidence (per 100,000)	0.00006	1				
Population EU 28 (1000s)	512.379	1				
Subarachnoid haemorrhage patients	0.5%	CAGR	31,255	31,411	31,568	31,72
WFNS grade 2	25.3%	Proportion	7,908	7,947	7,987	8,027
WFNS grade 3 🗹	7.2%	Proportion	2,250	2,262	2,273	2,28
WFNS grade 4	10.9%	Proportion	3,407	3,424	3,441	3,458
Treated patients						
Market penetration WFNS grade 2 base efficacy	12.1%		0%	0%	0%	1%
Market penetration grade 2 worst efficacy	50.0%	Relative %	0%	0%	0%	1%
Market penetration WFNS grade 3 base efficacy	41.0%		0%	0%	0%	5%
Market penetration grade 3 worst efficacy	50.0%	Relative %	0%	0%	0%	3%
Market penetration WFNS grade 4 base efficacy	37.9%		0%	0%	0%	5%
Market penetration grade 4 worst efficacy	50.0%	Relative %	0%	0%	0%	2%
Total patients	Worst	Efficacy	0	0	0	196
Price (Euros)			Revenue	es using l	blended p	orice (E)
- · ·	0.040	<u>.</u> . г			•	
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy	6,640	Price	0	0	0	848
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy	6,640 3,320	Price Price	0	0	0	848 424
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy	6,640 3,320 19,426	Price Price Price Price	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	848 424 818
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713	Price Price Price Price Price	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379	Price Price Price Price Price Price	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100	Price Price Price Price Price Price	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100 7,158	Price Price Price Price Price Price	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572 1,405
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Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy (Blended price) Clinical development (Euros 1000s) Per patient cost (Euros) Develop for WFNS grades 2-4	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100 7,158 40,000 400	Price Price Price Price Price Price Price Price Price State Price	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572 1,405 1,405
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy (Blended price) Clinical development (Euros 1000s) Per patient cost (Euros) Develop for WFNS grades 2-4 Develop for grades WFNS grades 2-3 only	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100 7,158 40,000 400 600	Price Price Price Price Price Price Price Price Price 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572 1,405 1,405 0 0
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 2 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy Total revenues using blended price ( Blended price Clinical development (Euros 1000s) Per patient cost (Euros) Develop for WFNS grades 2-4 Develop for grades WFNS grades 2-3 only Develop for grades WFNS grades 3-4 only	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100 7,158 40,000 400 600 300	Price	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572 1,405 1,405 0 0 0 0
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 3 worst efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 4 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 5 and set efficacy         Drug X price WFNS grades 2-4         Develop for WFNS grades 2-3 only         Develop for grades WFNS grades 3-4 only         Develop for grades WFNS grades 3-4 only         RWE generation (Euros 1000s)	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100 7,158 40,000 400 600 300	Price Price Price Price Price Price S Patients Patients Patients	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572 1,405 0 0 0 0
Drug X price WFNS 2 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 3 base efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy         Drug X price WFNS 4 worst efficacy         Total revenues using blended price (         Blended price         Clinical development (Euros 1000s)         Ver patient cost (Euros)         vevelop for WFNS grades 2-4         vevelop for grades WFNS grades 2-3 only         vevelop for grades WFNS grades 3-4 only         RWE generation (Euros 1000s)         Cost of SaH patients by mRS score	6,640 3,320 19,426 9,713 28,758 14,379 Euros 100 7,158 40,000 400 600 300	Price Study cost Study cost Study cost Patients	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3,200 4,800 2,400	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3,200 4,800 2,400	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	848 424 818 409 1,144 572 1,405 0 0 0 0 0

#### Conclusion

Early health economic modelling is a useful tool to guide strategic decision making in pharmaceutical development or in-licensing. Pharmaceutical companies would benefit from involving health economics at an early stage of the development process or to support valuation of in-licensing opportunities

References

- Clinical trials.gov, 2016 <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02790632</u>
- Mestre-Ferrandiz J, Sussex J, Towse A 2012. The R&D cost of a new medicine. https://www.ohe.org/publications/rd-cost-new-medicine

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egulatory	3,000	Study cost	0	600	2,100	30(	
larket access	4,000	Study cost	0	0	1,000	2,000	

#### P&L (Euros 1000s)

Revenue		
Cost of goods sold drug X (Euros 1000s)	2,000	1
Gross profit		
Clinical development and RWE		
Regulatory/HTA filings		
Sales & marketing	20%	% sales
General & administrative	5%	% sales
Risk-adjustment		
EBITDA		
Depreciation and amortisation		
Interest and tax	20%	
NPAT		
Change in working capital		
Free cash flow		
Discounted cash flow	11.5%	
Net present value		

0	0	0	5,619	11.
0	0	0	785	
0	0	0	4,834	Ç
3,200	3,800	3,100	2,300	
0	600	2,100	300	
0	0	0	1,124	
0	0	0	281	-
100%	100%	70%	64%	
-3,200	-4,400	-3,640	1,207	
				5
0	0	0	241	
-3,200	-4,400	-3,640	966	
0	0	0	923	~.
-3,200	-4,400	-3,640	1,889	F
-3,200	80	-2,928	1,363	
7,122				

#### NPV summary (Euros 1000s)

**WFNS 2-4** 

WFNS 2-3

WFNS 3-4

	0
	2

5

6

7

8

ase NPV	Worst NPV	Best price	Worst price	Best peak patients	Worst peak
51,031	7,122	14,316	7,158	3,349	1,675
13,881	-3,418	9,473	4,736	1,985	993
64,761	11,177	25,045	12,523	2,339	1,165