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INTRODUCTION

- The Regulation on Health Technology Assessment (EU 2021/2282) established a framework for Joint Clinical Assessments (JCA) at the EU level¹
- These assessments support Member States' national HTA processes by providing a scientific analysis of clinical evidence on the relative effects of a health technology on health outcomes
- From 12 January 2025, new oncology medicinal products and advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMPs) became subject to JCA. The scope will expand to include orphan medicinal products from January 2028, and all new medicinal products from January 2030²
- The JCA Subgroup of the Health Technology Assessment Coordination Group (HTACG) conducts assessments by appointing an assessor and a co-assessor from different Member States. The assessment focuses on clinical domains only, without value judgements or conclusions on reimbursement. The JCA report must be endorsed no later than 30 days after the Commission grants marketing authorization
- As JCAs move into early implementation, the submission and assignment patterns may offer insight into disease priorities and assessment leadership

OBJECTIVE

- This study presents a landscape assessment of ongoing JCA submissions, focusing on disease areas and assessor-co-assessor allocations

METHODS

- A structured desktop landscape assessment was conducted using publicly available data from the European Commission website (health.ec.europa.eu)
- The European Commission's HTA publishes and maintains lists of JCA activities in accordance with Article 30(3)(h) of Regulation (EU) 2021/2282
- The JCA database is dynamic and subject to ongoing updates; therefore, the landscape assessment was conducted at two predefined time points, during abstract development (January 6, 2026) and poster preparation (May 4, 2026), to ensure a comprehensive and contemporaneous representation of the evidence
- The landscape assessment was categorized into three groups: ongoing, completed, and discontinued JCAs
- Descriptive analysis of submission patterns, including disease areas, substance types, and assessor/co-assessor allocation, etc., was extracted

RESULTS

- At the time of abstract development (January 6, 2026), a total of 12 ongoing JCA submissions were identified, the majority of which were in oncology (n=9), encompassing indications such as small-cell lung cancer, melanoma, glioma, bladder cancer, prostate cancer, and breast cancer

CONCLUSIONS

- The early landscape evidence from ongoing JCA submissions highlights a strong focus on oncology and a centralized yet collaborative assessor structure
- As the JCA process matures and additional submissions are evaluated, these patterns are expected to evolve, underscoring the need for continued monitoring of disease focus and assessor allocation, alongside early strategic evidence planning to enable successful EU-wide HTA outcomes. With scope expansions ahead, early strategic evidence planning aligned to JCA requirements is no longer optional but a competitive imperative.

- As of the latest update (May 4, 2026), with a JCA cut-off date of 14 April 2026, a total of 16 JCA procedures had been initiated. Of these, 14 are ongoing, 1 has been discontinued, and 1 has completed assessments³
- In terms of the indication, oncology predominates within the JCA landscape, accounting for 13 of the 14 ongoing assessments (93%)



*IQWiG confirmed completion of the first JCA (tovorafenib) on May 4; however, results are not yet available on the European Commission website

- Lung cancer represents the most frequent indication (n=5; 33%), followed by ovarian cancer (n=2) and lymphoma (n=2), with single assessments in melanoma, glioma, breast cancer, and sarcoma. The two non-oncology assessments are advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMPs), targeting spinal muscular atrophy and respiratory papillomatosis (**Figure 1**)
- By substance class, chemically synthesized products constitute the majority (n=9; 60%), followed by ATMPs (n=4; 27%) and biologics (n=2; 13%) (**Figure 2**)
- Germany, through Institute for Quality and Efficiency in Health Care (IQWiG), serves as the lead assessor in four JCAs. Overall, the assessments involve a broad geographic distribution, encompassing nine assessor countries and 13 co-assessor countries, reflecting the collaborative, EU-wide nature of the framework (**Table 1, Figure 3**)

Table 1: Ongoing and Completed Joint Clinical Assessments (n=15)

Drug (INN)	Indication	Type	EMA Date	Assessor	Co-Assessor
Autologous melanoma TIL	Melanoma	ATMP	Mar 2025	France	Poland
Tovorafenib★	Paediatric LGG	Chemical	Mar 2025	Ireland	Germany
Onasemnogene abeparvovec	SMA	ATMP	May 2025	Ireland	France
Lurbinectedin	ES-SCLC	Chemical	Jun 2025	Germany	Portugal
Camizestrant	Breast Cancer	Chemical	Jun 2025	Austria	Belgium
Tarlatamab	ES-SCLC	Biological	Jul 2025	Germany	Hungary
Catequentinib	Sarcoma	Chemical	Jul 2025	Sweden	Norway
Senaparib	Ovarian Cancer	Chemical	Aug 2025	Germany	Slovenia
Relacorilant	Ovarian Cancer	Chemical	Oct 2025	Portugal	Sweden
Ensartinib	ALK + NSCLC	Chemical	Nov 2025	Austria	Spain
Zopapogene imadenovec	Resp. Papillomatosis	ATMP	Nov 2025	Denmark	Austria
Sintilimab★★	NSCLC (non-squamous)	Biological	Dec 2025	Germany	Slovakia
Sonrotoclox★★	Mantle Cell Lymphoma	Chemical	Jan 2026	Belgium	Sweden
Taletrectinib★★	ROS1+ NSCLC	Chemical	Mar 2026	Sweden	Germany
Zamtocabtagene autoleucel★★	Large B-Cell Lymphoma	ATMP	Mar 2026	Netherlands	Ireland

★IQWiG confirmed completion of the first JCA (tovorafenib) on May 4; however, results are not yet available on the European Commission website
 ★★Newly Added Assessment; ALK: Anaplastic Lymphoma Kinase; ATMP: Advanced Therapy Medicinal Products; ES-SCLC: Extensive-Stage Small Cell Lung Cancer; INN: International Non-Proprietary Name; LGG: Low-Grade Glioma; NSCLC: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer; SMA: Spinal Muscular Atrophy; TIL: Tumor Infiltrating Lymphocytes

Figure 1: Disease Area Distribution (n=15)

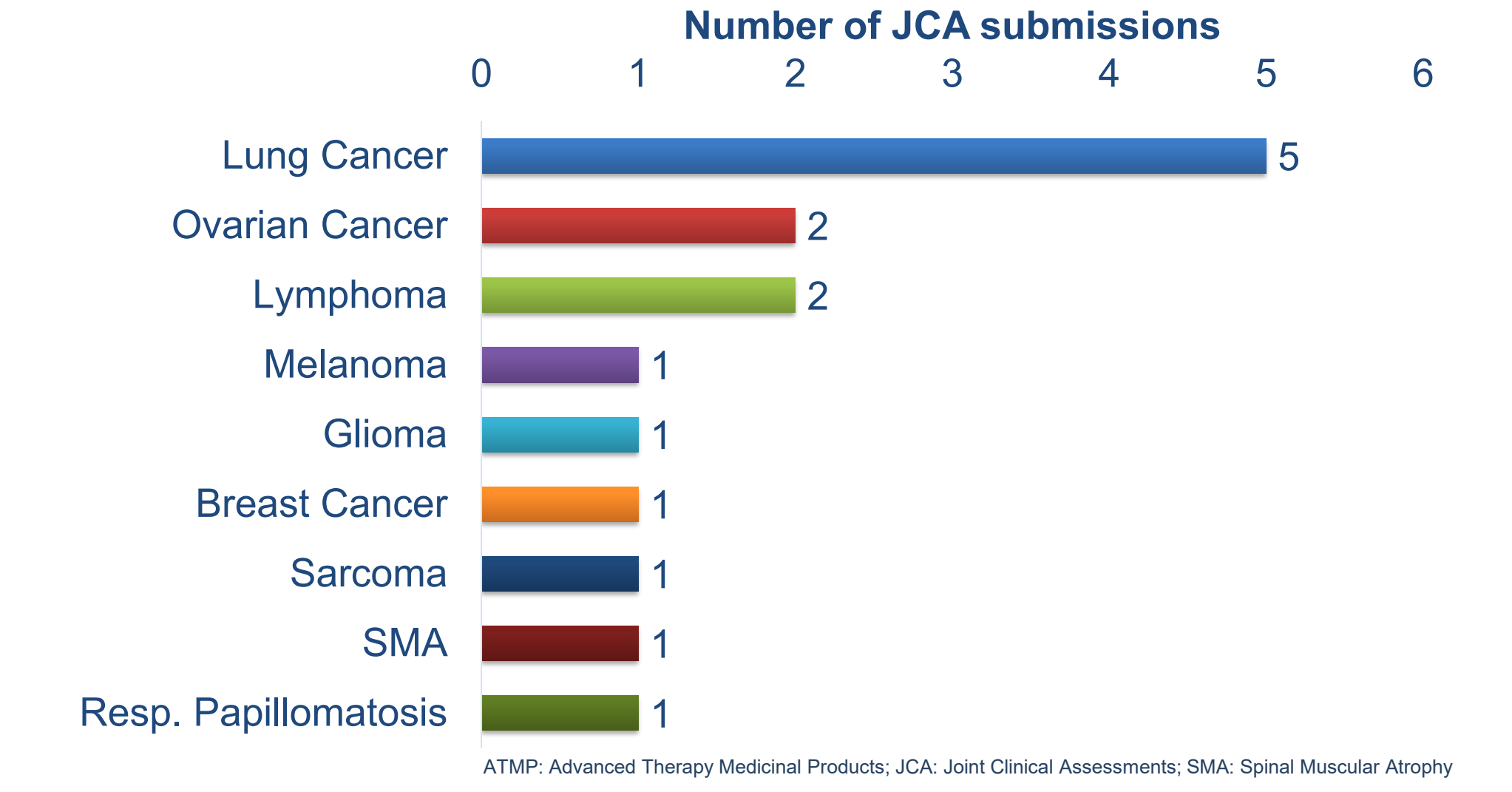


Figure 2: Substance Type Distribution (n=15)

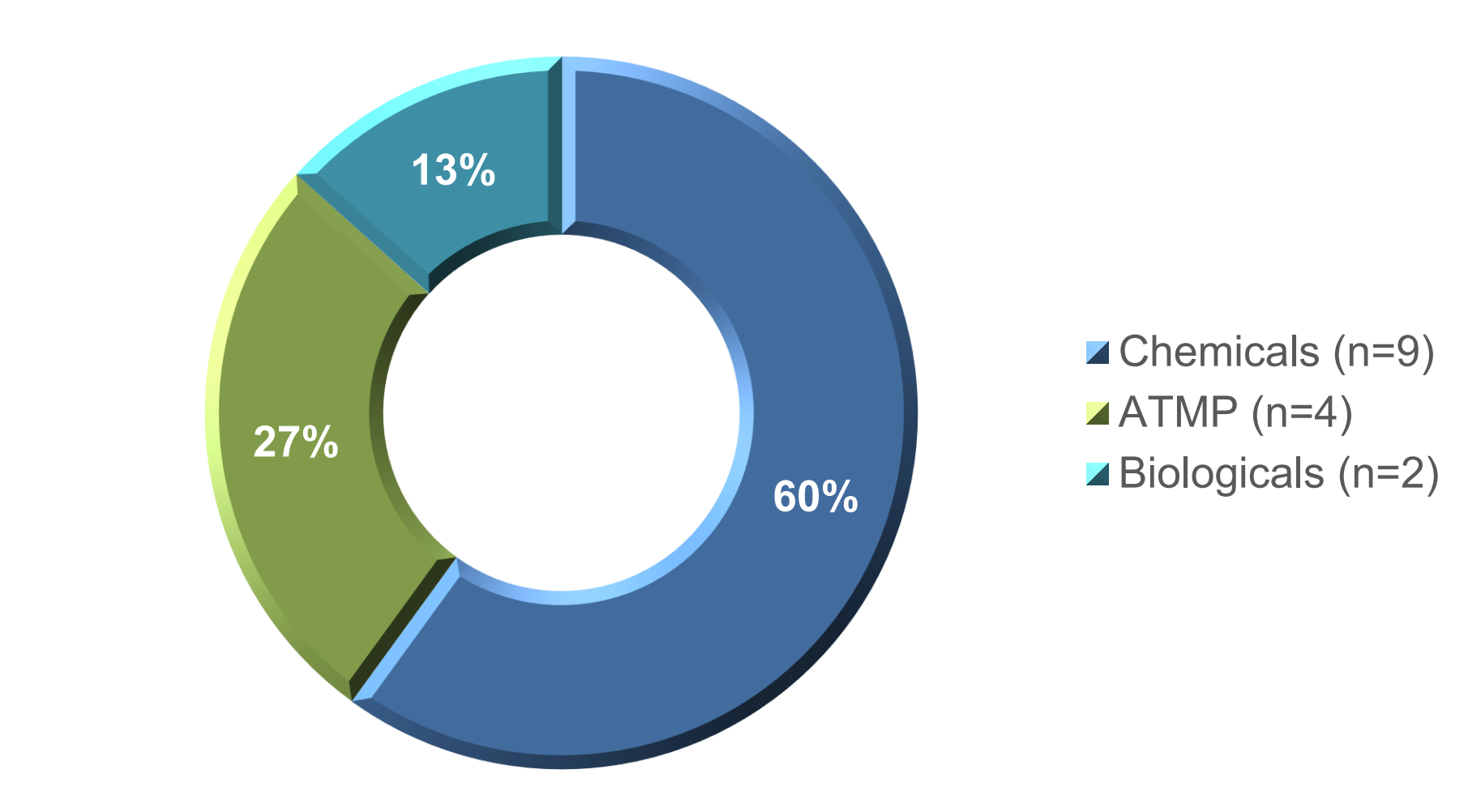
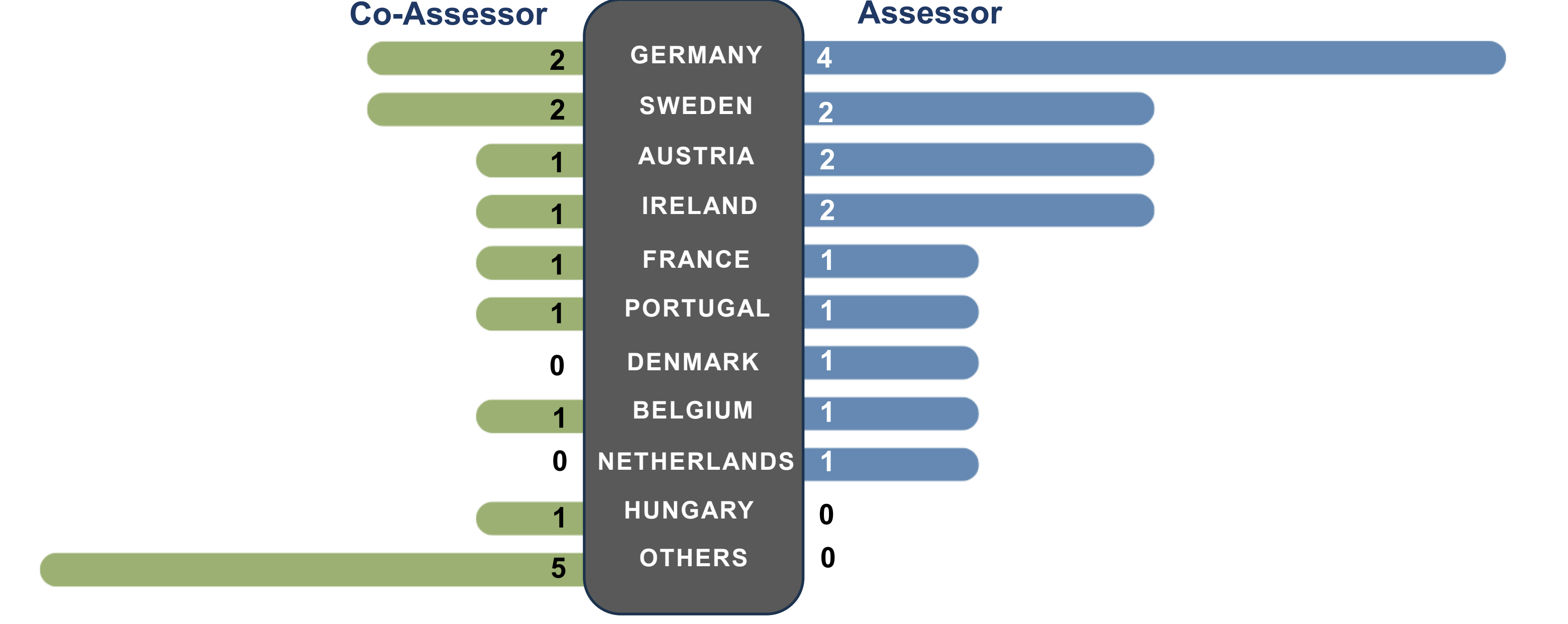


Figure 3: Assessor Allocation by Country (n=15)



★ RECENT UPDATES IN LATE 2025 / EARLY 2026

COMPLETED

NEW ADDITIONS

WITHDRAWN

Tovorafenib
Paediatric low-grade glioma

Sintilimab
Non-squamous NSCLC (Biological, Dec 2025)

Taletrectinib
ROS1+ NSCLC (Chemical, Mar 2026)

Assessor: Ireland
Co-assessor: Germany

Sonrotoclox
Mantle Cell Lymphoma (Chemical, Jan 2026)

Zamtocabtagene autoleucel
Large B-Cell Lymphoma (ATMP, Mar 2026)

Completed: IQWiG Confirmed on May 4, 2026

Completed: Four additional JCA* completions are anticipated by the end of 2026

Assessor: Netherlands
Co-assessor: Denmark

Reason: Withdrawal of marketing authorization application by the health technology developer

*Lurbinectedin (Q3 2026), Tarlatamab (Q3 2026), Senaparib (Q3 2026), Sintilimab (Q4 2026) are anticipated to complete their JCA assessment

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Disclosure: The authors (SA, PR, BS) declare that they have no conflict of interest