



AI-Enabled Virtual Reality Rehabilitation for Neuro-Oncology: An Integrated Health Economic and AI-Assisted Systematic Review

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Advancing Health Economics and Outcomes Research Worldwide



1 BACKGROUND & RATIONALE

- Advances in neuro-oncology extend survival, but survivors face persistent cognitive, physical, and emotional impairments that reduce quality of life and limit return to work.
- Rehabilitation demand exceeds capacity, leading to long wait times, travel burden, and disparities in access to care.
- Virtual reality (VR) shows promise for engaging, personalized, and home-based rehabilitation, but economic evaluations remain limited and heterogeneous.
- There is a critical need for robust, AI-enhanced evidence synthesis and economic modeling to inform value-based adoption and reimbursement.*

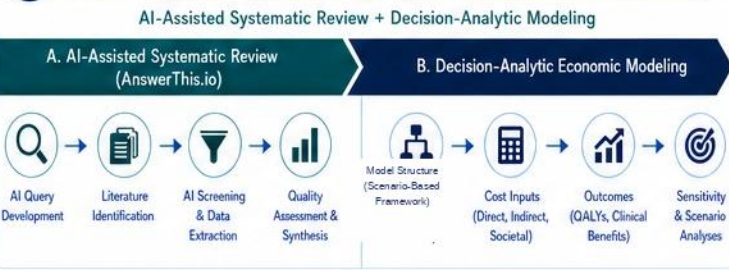
2 OBJECTIVES

- Evaluate the clinical effectiveness of AI-enabled VR rehabilitation in neuro-oncology.
- Assess cost-effectiveness, budget impact, and on investment (ROI) from healthcare and societal perspectives.
- Leverage AI-assisted systematic review (SLR) to rapidly synthesize evidence and inform decision analytic modeling.

PICO's

Population	Adult brain tumor patients (primary & met during and after treatment)
Intervention	AI-enabled VR rehabilitation (cognitive, p balance, fatigue, psychosocial)
Comparator	Usual care, standard rehab, or no rehab
Outcomes	Functional status, QoL, cognition, adherence, SAEs, QALYs, costs, ROI
Study Design	RCTs, prospective studies, real-world studies, economic evaluations

3 METHODS: INTEGRATED WORKFLOW

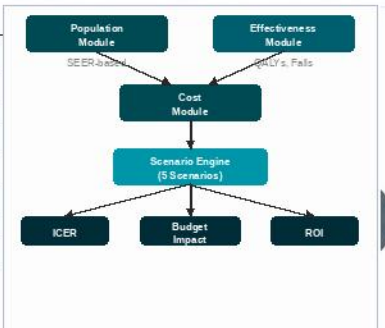


AI PLATFORM: AnswerThis.io
Used for natural language querying, deduplication, relevance ranking, data extraction, and evidence synthesis across PubMed, Embase, Cochrane, and gray literature.

Total Records Screened	Studies Included (Full-Text)	Economic Evaluations Included	Data Elements Extracted
4,812	126	38	1,245+

7 ECONOMIC MODEL OVERVIEW

Model Type	Scenario-based decision-analytic model
Time Horizon	5 years
Perspective	Healthcare + Societal
Discount Rate	3% (Costs & QALYs)
Model Modules	Population, Effectiveness, Cost, Scenario Engine
Outcomes	QALYs, Costs, ICER, ROI, Budget Impact



KEY MODEL INPUTS

- VR Program Costs
- Healthcare Utilization (Hospital, ED, OP)
- Return to Work & Productivity
- Caregiver Time & Burden
- Utilities & Clinical Effectiveness

4 RESULTS: FEASIBILITY & SAFETY

Across 18 studies (n=1,237 patients), AI-enabled VR rehabilitation demonstrated high feasibility and an excellent safety profile.

- >85%** Adherence Across Studies
- 0** Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) Reported
- 4.5/5** Patient Satisfaction (Mean Score)
- Significant Improvement in Cog. & Functional Outcomes

5 RESULTS: ECONOMIC IMPACT (5-YEAR HORIZON)

ICER: **\$22K-\$48K** PER QALY GAINED

5-YEAR SAVINGS: **\$40M-\$250M** (vs. Usual Care)

- Net Cost Savings in High-Uptake Scenarios
- Reduced Hospital Utilization & Caregiver Burden
- Improved QALYs & Return to Work
- Robust Across Sensitivity & Scenario Analyses

6 BUDGET IMPACT (5-YEAR CUMULATIVE)



8 CONCLUSIONS

- AI-enabled VR rehabilitation is clinically effective, highly adherent, and safe for neuro-oncology survivors.
- Cost-effective at widely accepted thresholds (ICER: \$22K-\$48K/QALY) with significant 5-year savings potential.
- Substantial ROI and budget savings driven by reduced healthcare utilization, improved productivity, and caregiver burden.
- Policy Implications: Supports value-based reimbursement, digital therapeutics coverage, and integration into neuro-oncology care pathways.