

# Cost-Effectiveness of Proton Beam Therapy in the Treatment of Pediatric Medulloblastoma in France

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## INTRODUCTION

Medulloblastoma is the most common malignant brain tumor in children, representing 20% of central nervous system tumors among this age group. In addition to surgery, radiation therapy (RT) remains a crucial option for treating patients with medulloblastoma. Nonetheless, it carries the risk of late adverse events. These negative events lead to neurocognitive and endocrine impairments affecting almost all patients.

## OBJECTIVE

The objective of the current study was to assess the cost-effectiveness of proton beam therapy compared with conventional radiation therapy in the treatment of childhood medulloblastoma from the perspective of the national health insurance system in France.

## METHOD

A Markov model was developed with:

- hypothyroidism, hearing loss, growth hormone deficiency, IQ loss and secondary cancer as health states.
- time horizon is the lifetime,
- quality-adjusted life years (QALYs) and the incremental cost-effectiveness ratio (ICER) used as outcomes.

\*The utility scores and costs were estimated from the literature for the French population.

## RESULTS

With a willingness to pay threshold of €50,000 and an ICER of €5,236/QALY, proton beam therapy is suggested to be cost-effective. Sensitivity analyses were performed, in which the model's parameters were varied, and it was shown that growth hormone deficiency can contribute to a reduction in costs.

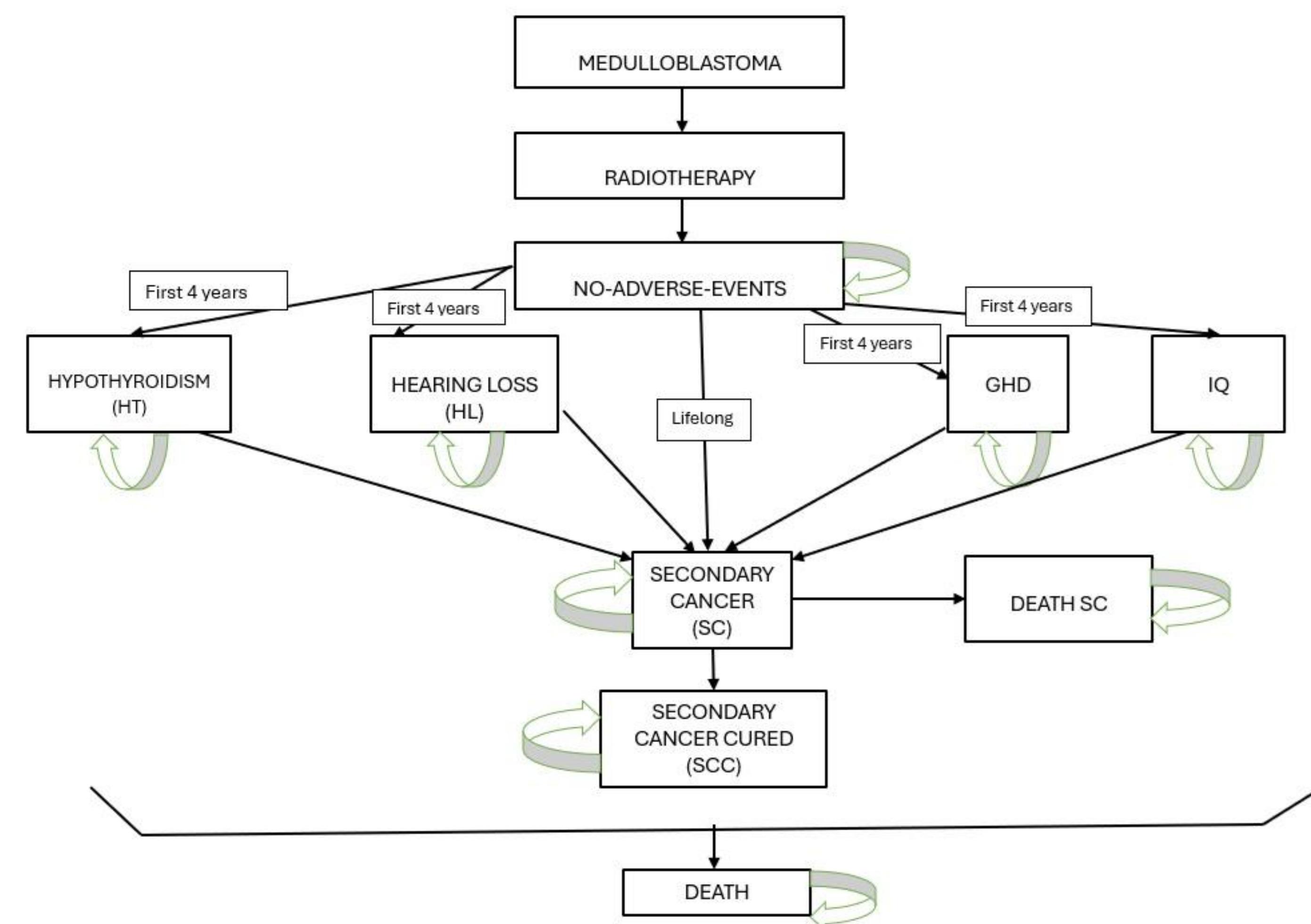


Figure 1. Markov model diagram. Proton beam therapy (PBT) vs X-Ray  
HT = hypothyroidism, HL = hearing loss, GHD = growth hormone deficiency, IQ = intelligence quotient loss

## CONCLUSIONS

The results of this study indicated that proton radiation therapy can be cost-effective compared with conventional radiation therapy in the treatment of children with medulloblastoma. However, much more information on the long-term consequences of radiation therapy is needed. Additionally, there is a need to consider different health states from a public health perspective, which includes the capacity of these patients to lead a normal adult life after treatment.

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