

Changes in physical activity of pediatric patients treated with damoctocog alfa pegol during the Alfa-PROTECT clinical trial

I Lunk¹, D Arzoumanidou¹¹Bayer Consumer Care, Basel, Switzerland

CONCLUSIONS

- Hemophilia A patients aged 7 to <12 reported improvements in their physical and emotional health after initiating treatment with damoctocog alfa pegol
- Intensity and frequency of sport activities were reported to have increased for most patients within 1 year of damoctocog alfa pegol prophylaxis initiation
- Self-reported data on patient experiences and quality of life can supplement our understanding of the impact of treatment on patients' lives

OBJECTIVE

Characterize the changes in physical health and activity levels of patients treated with damoctocog alfa pegol during the Alfa-PROTECT trial

INTRODUCTION

- Hemophilia patients experience excessive bleeding either spontaneously or after trauma, often causing joint and muscle damage⁶
- The current standard of care is prophylaxis treatment, aimed at preventing bleeding episodes
- Physical activity is essential for children in order to develop healthy bones, muscles and cardiovascular health³
- Hemophilia patients reportedly experience fear of falls and consequential pain and injury, therefore limit their engagement in physical activities^{4,5}
- Damocog alfa pegol (Jivago[®]) was approved for the treatment of children aged 7 to <12 with hemophilia A in 2025
- Self-reported quality of life (QoL) and patient experience regarding physical activity in these patients provide valuable insights besides efficacy and safety data of damocog alfa pegol

METHODS

QoL in Alfa-PROTECT

- Alfa-PROTECT is a phase 3, multinational, open-label study to evaluate the safety of damocog alfa pegol in previously treated children aged 7 to <12 years with severe hemophilia A¹
- Patients receive prophylaxis treatment with damocog alfa pegol¹
- The study consists of two parts: (A) Main study for approx. 6 months with more frequent visits, followed by (B) Extension study for another 18 months of treatment, with less close monitoring
- Patients completed the Haemo-QoL Short-form II questionnaire for children aged 8-16 years old (SF II) at baseline and at the end of the Main study (at visit 11)
- The Haemo-QoL SF II measured impairment in QoL in 9 domains: Physical health, Feelings, Self perception, Family, Friends, Others, Sports, Dealings and Treatment; scoring is 0-100 where higher score means higher impairment (or lower QoL)²

VOICE caregiver interview study

- A cross-sectional qualitative interview study was conducted with caregivers of patients who were treated in the Alfa-PROTECT trial. A 75-minute interview were performed with the patient's caregiver at approx. 12 months into treatment with damocog alfa pegol
- Caregivers of patients treated in study sites in Brazil and Canada were enrolled, ethical approval was obtained for all participating sites
- The objective of VOICE was to evaluate caregivers' perspectives of burden of disease for the child and caregiver, and to understand their experience in the Alfa-PROTECT clinical trial
- Primary endpoints included impacts on the child's daily life before and after treatment with damocog alfa pegol; impacts to the caregiver pre- and post-trial as well as perspectives on the treatment itself.

- Descriptive statistical analysis was used to describe characteristics of participants. The answers were anonymized, and qualitatively assessed, focusing of concepts and themes as well as exemplary verbatim quotes
- When assessing physical activities, 3 intensity categories were used: High (e.g. football, judo); Medium (e.g. walking, chores); Low (e.g. video games, drawing).

RESULTS

Patients in Alfa PROTECT

- Total 35 patients received at least 1 dose of damocog alfa pegol and 32 of them continued treatment >3 months (mITT analysis set)
- Mean age at trial start was 8.6 (SD 1.36) years old
- Most patients had no target joint present at baseline (84%)
- 91% of patients received prior prophylaxis, 9% prior on-demand treatment
- No patient developed inhibitors during the trial

Haemo-QoL SF II QoL questionnaire

- QoL data was available for 33 children
- A mean reduction in impairment of 6.27 points was observed with damocog alfa pegol prophylaxis versus baseline (Figure 1)
- The highest improvements were reported in the Physical health (13.51 points) and Sports (10.28 points) domains (Figure 1)
- Considerable improvement was observed in the Feelings, Family and Other domains too (Figure 1)

VOICE

- Seven caregivers of eight pediatric patients participated in the interviews; one caregiver was interviewed twice representing two children
- Most participants were from Brazil (86%), parents of the patients (100%), from households of 1-2 adults and 1-3 children.
- Patients were aged mean 8.4 years old at the time of the interviews, receiving 3x weekly prophylaxis treatment before enrolling in the clinical trial
- Patients' physical activity levels increased during treatment with damocog alfa pegol, with most increase reported in high intensity activities (mean +3.2 activity performed and +110.0 minute spent on high intensity activities per week) (Figure 2)
- While 60% reported negative physical impacts of hemophilia before the trial, 100% described improvement in the child's physical state after initiating treatment with damocog alfa pegol (Table 1)
- >60% reported to observe improvement in their child's emotional status related to hemophilia, during the ~12 months of the trial (Table 1)

Table 1: CHANGE IN PERCEIVED PHYSICAL AND EMOTIONAL STATUS, AS REPORTED IN VOICE (n=8)

Change in perceived health status	Quotes from caregiver reports
100% improved physical status	<p>"However, with this treatment [damocog alfa pegol], we have noticed that he has a better life. This issue of, for example, the times he gets hurt, and gets purple... Now, it is not like that anymore. Now, it is normal. He is basically a normal child."</p> <p>"...[talks about joint pain]...before the trial, I would be certain that he was coming home with a problem. Nowadays, ... I allow him to play. Before, I would avoid him doing any activities."</p>
63% improved emotional status	<p>"he was very happy and that he is feeling a lot better about being able to participate and play. He does not feel as excluded as before"</p> <p>"With his friends, for example, some don't even know he's hemophiliac because he doesn't see the need to say anything"</p>

Figure 2: CHANGE FROM BASELINE IN PATIENT REPORTED QOL IN ALFA PROTECT CLINICAL TRIAL (n=8)

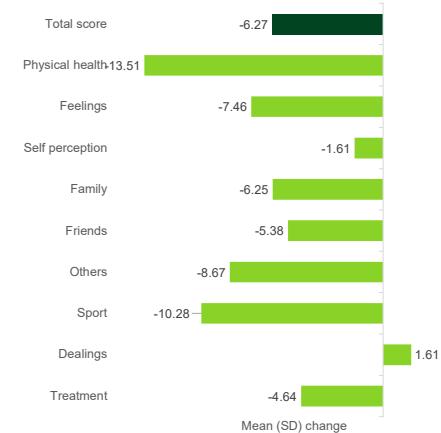
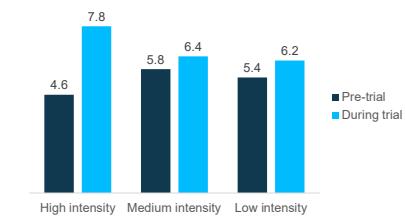


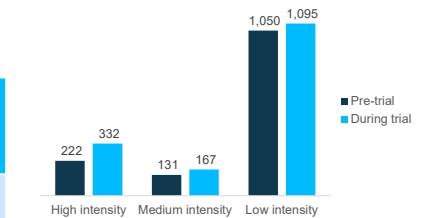
Figure 2: CHANGE IN WEEKLY PHYSICAL ACTIVITY DURING DAMACTOCOG ALFA PEGOL TREATMENT, AS REPORTED IN VOICE (n=8)

A) TOTAL NUMBER OF ACTIVITIES, PER INTENSITY



	High	Medium	Low
Pre-trial (Mean, SD, range)	4.6 (3.2) 2-12	5.8 (1.8) 4-9	5.4 (2.6) 0-7
During trial (Mean, SD, range)	7.8 (5.4) 2-16	6.4 (3.6) 1-10	6.2 (2.4) 2-8
Change	+3.2	+0.6	+0.8

B) TIME SPENT ON ACTIVITIES, PER INTENSITY (MINUTES)



	High	Medium	Low
Pre-trial (Mean, SD, range)	222 (116) 120-400	131.3 (77) 25-210	1,050 (905) 180-2100
During trial (Mean, SD, range)	332 (242) 120-620	166.7 (38) 140-210	1,095 (867) 180-2100
Change	+110	+35.4	+45